W

August 23, 1934

Presented herewith is a brak robbery modus eperandi report relative to the robbery of the Peoples Savings Bank/Grand Raven, Michigan.

Yesy truly yours,

John Edgar Ecover, Birector,

Enclosure 502060

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RECORDED &

91-57-1

DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION

AUG 24 1934 P.M.

U. S. CEPARTHENT OF AUSTICE

FILE

AUG 25 1924

DYSHAR (KITCHTANA)

WW C

Moory Modus Operandi Report

Date of robbery and bine August 23, 1999; Red5 peace	E 0. /	
Name and location of bank Pooples Cavings Banky Grand	Haven, Michigan.	•
Amount of look Apperoximately \$30,000	•	

Characteristic Bracecis

- identified as Eark Doyle, now serving a life sentence in the Michigan
 State Prison. Theodore Bentz states that the robbers were Homer Van Meter,
 Edward Bentz, "Baby Face" Melson, Chuck Connors, Earl Doyle and Ralph or Joe
 Mongo.
- a. Style and Approved. One man stayed in car in front of bank. One man guarded rear door. Four man went into bank.
- S. Vespons. Revolvers.
- 4. Treatment of Employees and Patrons. Employees were lined up.
- car drove away. Other bandits took employees in front of bank as shields. They stole the car which they abandoned several miles out of town and confiscated a Chrysler sedan which was abandoned at Hudson, Michigan, where they confiscated a Ford sedan which was later found abandoned mear the Indiana State Line. A Buick sedan which the robbers originally intended to a confiscated eight miles from Grand Haven, Michigan.
- 7. Detailed Marrative of Crime. Contained in report of Special Agent R. B. Donaldson, Detroit, Michigan, August 17, 1934 in the case entitled EDWARD WILHTEM BENTZ with aliases, FUGITIVE, et al; BANK ROBBERT, same being serial 99 of Division file 91-1.

Signature of Reporting Agency

91-57-1

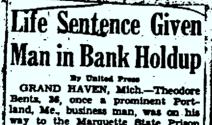
Mr. Nathan
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clerg
Mr. Baushman
Chief Clerk
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Cowley
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Eran
Mr. Herbo
Mr. Keith
Mr. Lester
Mr. Quinn
idr Schilder
Mr. Temm

U.S.TOTRY BANK THIEF UNDER NEW LAW OF DEATH

Grand Haven, Mich., Sept. 3.-[Special.]-Theodore F. Bentz, alias Craig, who was indicted on a charge of robbing the People's Savings bank here, is to be arraigned in the Circuit court next Menday, at which time a date for his trial will be set.

Federal authorities at South Bend, Ind., announced yesterday an intention to indict Bentz for the robbery in June of the Merchants' National bank June of the Merchants' National bank of South Bend. It is the present intention to try him under a new federal law that makes possible a death penalty for a robbery in which a killing occurs. A warant for his surrender to the federal authorities has been issued, but it is believed the government will consent to let local authorities try him first. thorities try him first.

Rumors that Bentz recently made a confession naming persons who had harbored John Dillinger were receive gith skepticism by Lawrence De Grand Haven chief of police.



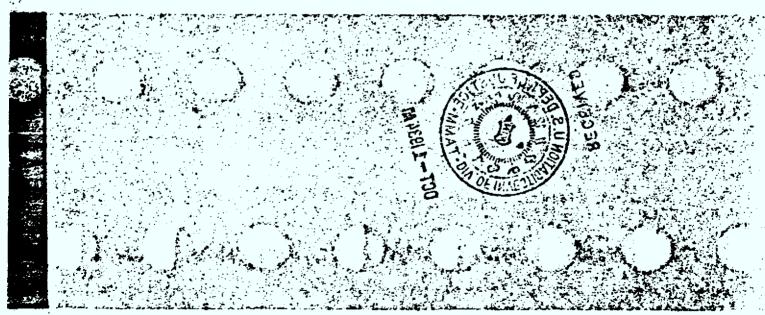
10

way to the Marquette State Prison today to serve a life sentence for armed bank robbery.

armed bank robbery.
Tears rolled down Bents's cheeks
when a Circuit Court jury yesterday
afternoon declared him guilty of participating in the \$14,000 holdup of the
Peoples Savings Bank of Grand
Haven in 'Huganta' 833.

"I never robbed a bank, and some day it will be proven," he cried. "This will be on your conscience for a long

BANK ROBBERT



WASH. NEWS

SEP 26 1934

91-57- A

10 th

St. Paul Pioneer Press. SEP 26 1934

BANK ROBBER GETS LIFE.
Grand Haven, Mich., Sept. 25.—(P)
—Thendore Beniz was convicted by
a circuit court jury today on a
charge of robbing the Peoples Savings bank of Grand Haven of \$14,
000 in August, 1933. Circuit Judge
Fred T. Miles immediately sentenced
him to life imprisonment in the
Michigan branch prison at Marinuette. DIVISION OF INVESTIGATION SEP 271934 U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE Fills

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91-57- P

Bibision of Investigation

M. S. Department of Instite Post Office Box 812 Chicago Illinois

April 25, 1955

N 1712 10-14

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation U. S. Department of Justice Pennsylvania Avenue at 9th St., N.W. Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Mr. Mulbar of the Michigan State Police called at this Office today and informed me that he was investigating the Ogrand Haven, Michigan, bank robbery. He stated that he had received information from Ted Bentz to the effect that Father Coughlan was associated with the individuals who robbed the bank at Grand Haven and he desired to know the address of Mr. Coughlan. The address as it is known to the Chicago Office was furnished to him.

While here he stated that Father Coughlan was at one time reprimended by his church for his associations with the members of the Touhy gang. He stated that he interviewed Father Coughlan about a year ago about this and Father Coughlan informed him that he had been so reprimended, but that his associations with the Touhy gang were of a spiritual nature entirely.

This is furnished for the information of the Bureau.

Very truly yours,

Just Cum

W. H. PURVIS, Special Agent in Charge

MHP:RP

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APR 30 1503

FEDERAL 27 1935 ...

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City of Grand Haven

MICHIGAN

LAWRENCE DEWITT, CHIEF

March 13,1936.

100

John Edgar Hoover, Director, Feseral Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Re: Edward Bentz.

Advised as to apprehension of Edward Bentz in Brooklyn, N.Y. by your department to-day, for whom we hold warrant on charge of robbing the Peoples Savings Bank, this city August 18,1933.

We would appreciate the opportunity to extradite Bentz to the State of Michigan on the bank robbery charge in event conviction is not obtainable on charge preferred against him.

Thanking you for your co-operation, I am

D/W

Very truly yours,

Chief of Police.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JULY

PAPICI

RECOLDING

91-57-3

March 18, 1936.

Mr. Lawrence DeWitt, Chief of Police, Grand Maves, Michigane

My dear Chiefs

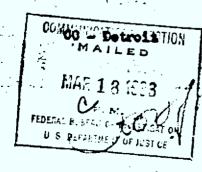
I desire to acknowledge receipt of your letter of March 13, 1936, in which you advise that you hold a warrant charging Edward Bents, who was recently apprehended by representatives of this Bureau, with the rebbery of the Peoples Savings Bank of Grand Haven, Michigan on August 18, 1933.

I have also noticed that you would appreciate
the opportunity of extraditing Bentz to the State of Michigan
on the charge of robbing the Peoples Savings Bank in the
event he was not convicted on the charges now pending against
him. In this connection I would suggest that you file a
formal detainer with the United States Mershal at Burlington,
Vermont.

Assuring you of my desire to cooperate in all matters of mutual interest, I am

Sincerely yours,

Jehn Edgar Hoover, Director.



Manual Ma

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa County

Grand Haven, Michigan

EDWARD RYCENGA, Under Sheriff WILLIAM BOEVE, Deputy Sheriff TONY CROENEVELD, Deputy Sherif

March 14,1936

or!

Hon. John Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice.

In re : EWARD BENTZ.

A. Hon. Sir:

I wish to congratulate you and your department on the recent capture of Edward Bentz.

From the minor details of which we have received, I understand that he is to be turned over to answer to the robbery of the Caldonia National Bank at Rutland, Vermont on which charge he was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury.

The Chief of Police of this City, Lawerence Defwitt and myself have been hopeful of his capture for some time. We hold a warrant for Edward Bentz for robbery of the Peoples Saving Bank, Grand Haven, Michigan on August 18,1933 as shown by the Circular enclosed. We have a very good case on Edward Bentz and feel that we could put him away on a life sentence if it were possible that he would be turned over on our charge.

Bentz, brother of Edward Bentz, as participants on the same robbery as quoted. Both are now serving a life sentence at the Branch Prison at Marquette, Michigan.

RECORDED & INDEXED

Inasmuch as I feel that your department will do its utmost to render to him his due reward, I cannot help but heel that My my in placing out case before you, we will receive an opportunity to

A 3/19/36- P67

MAR 23 1535

Grand Haven, Michigan

EDWARD RYCENCA, Under Sheriff WILLIAM BOEVE, Deputy Sheriff TONY CROENEVELD, Deputy Sheriff

Hon. John Edgar Hoover, Director

In re: Edward Bentz,

extradite him if at all possible.

May I hear from you at your earliest convenience as to what data and evidence has been compiled against him by your department.

Sincerely yours,

Benjamin H. XRosema, Sheriff

BHR/m

PEFIVIL 91-57_4

March 19, 1936.

RECORDED

Mr. Benjamin M. Rosema Sheriff, Grand Mayon, Michigan,

My dear Sheriffs

E wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated March 14, 1936, in which you advise that you hold a warrant for Edward Bontz, who was recently apprehended by Special Agents of this Bureau, tharging him with the robbery of the Peoples Saving Bank, Grand Raven, Michigan

Tour request for information as to the data and svidence which has been compiled against Bents has been notifically for your information the investigation of the metters in which Bents was involved has not as yet been completed by this Bureau. In connection with your request that you be given an opportunity to extradite Bents, it is suggested that you file a formal detainer with the United States Marshal at Barlington, Vermont.

Assuring you of my desire to ecoperate with lew enforcement agencies in matters of antual interest at all times, I am

Sincerely yours,

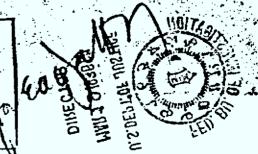
John Migar Hoover, Directors

co-Detroit

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAR 2 0 1936

FEDERAL BUREAU OF MYERFORT OF U.S. DEPOPULATED TO HUST TE



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DIEKEMA, CROSS & TEN CATE ATTORNEYS AT LAW HOLLAND, MICHIGAN

> BERRIT J. DIEREMA ORIEM S. CROSS DANIEL TEN CATE

March 30, 1936

U.S. Department of Investigation Washington, D.C.

Gentlemen:

We are acting as attorneys for Mr. Theodore (Bentz) Oraig, No. 6209, Marquette State Prison, Marquette, Michigan, who was sentenced from Grand Haven for a bank robbery job on August 18, 1933. Mr. Craig claims it is a clear case of mistaken identity, that he had nothing to do with the job and is anxious to have the men apprehended who actually committed the job.

Mr. Edward W. Bentz, who was also connected with the Grand Haven job, was sentenced last Thursday to the Federal Prison at Atlanta, Georgia, for a bank job in Burlington, Vermont. There is no question but that Edward W. Bentz and one EarloDoyle participated in the Grand Haven job. Doyle is now serving time for the same at Marquette, Michigan. Both Graig and Doyle state positively that Graig had nothing to do with the Grand Haven job, and we expect to procure a statement from Edward W. Bentz to the same effect.

Mr. Craig assures us that one Bernard Phillips is the man who actually assisted in robbing the bank and the man who the witnesses described, but by mistake picked Craig as being Phillips because of his resemblance. We are trying to locate Phillips and wish you would send us a photograph of him. His description is as follows:

Alias TBig Phil", five feet, ten inches in height, dark brown hair; blue eyes; 190 to 200 pounds in weight; husky build; dresses like ordinary business man; medium nose; 29 to 34 years in age; believed to have slight scar on face near mouth.

Habits: Smokes cigarettes, drinks, like to play golf, lives in apartments, drives a chevrolet or buick car, usually a new one, or cars of like make; travels a great deal with women. Is believed to be around New York at present.

RECORDED

DIDEXED

APR 1 1 1939

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

U. S. DEPARTA

U.S. Department of Investigation #3

Criminal Record: Served time in Leavenworth Prison, was a cellmate of Earl Doyle at that orison. He met and associated two months with Earl Doyle before the Grand Haven Bank was robbed. Further description can be obtained from the authorities at the above named prison. He is now wanted several places.

If we can get any definite information that will be of service to you, we shall be glad to furnish you with the same. Awaiting your reply, we are

Very truly yours,
DIEKEMA, CROSS & TEN CATE

C/G

· 10年 · 10年

JAS: AF 91-57-5

April 7, 1936

EECORDED

Lickens, Gross and Ten Cate, Attorneys at Law, Molland, Michigan.

Contlemen:

This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of March 30, 1936, in which you advise that you are acting as atterneys for Mr. Theodore (Bents) Graig, Bumber 6209, Marquette State Prison, Marquette, Michigan.

I have noted the information contained in your letter and regret to advise you that I am prevented by legislative enactment from furnishing photographs or criminal records to say persons other than those connected with law-enfercement agencies.

I suggest that a photograph of Bernard Phillips might be obtained from some institution in which he has been confined, or from the Police Department of some city where he has been arrested.

I regret that I cannot be of service to you in this

Yery truly yours,

CC*Detroit

John Rigar Hoover, Director.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR - 3 1935

P. M.
FEDERAL BUREAIMOF INVESTIGATION,
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF 1081 CA

to

BIRECTOR

PEF: CDW

Jederal Bureau of Investigation

A. S. Bepartment of Instice Bashington, D. C.

April 4, 1936.

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Tim - 4:35 P.H.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: Edward Wilhelm Bents.

Mr. Réwards
Mr. Egen
Mr. Perworth
Mr. Larbe
Mr. Laste
Mr. Gellan
Mr. Gellan
Mr. Trany
Mr. Trany
Mr. Trany

I telephoned SAC Conroy at the Atlanta Office with reference to my previous telephonic conversation with him concerning the Michigan State Trooper who is coming down there for the purpose of interviewing Bents at the penitentiary relative to the robbery of the bank at Grand Haven, Michigan. I told Mr. Conroy upon discussing this matter with you, you had suggested that Mr. Conroy arrange with the warden of the penitentiary, diplomatically of course, whereby one of our Agents could be present during the interview which this Michigan State Trooper has with Bents.

I further told Mr. Conroy you suggested arrangements also diplomatically be made with the warden of the penitentiary whereby no one will be permitted to interview Bentz without notice thereof being previously given to the Atlanta Office.

Mr. Conroy said that the warden at the penitentiary is very cooperative and amenable to suggestions, and he does not anticipate any difficulty at all in connection with these two matters.

Respectfully,

30/2

P. E. FOXWORTH.

RECORDED & INDEXED

APR 8 1030

FEDERAL-EL ILLAU OF INVESTIGATION

IAPR 7 1936 P. M.

U. S. DOBLE DE J. STICE

FE.F.

Jederal Bureau of Investigation

M. S. Bepartment of Justice 501 Healey Building, Atlanta, Georgia, April 7, 1936.

EEC : ME 91-5

A D

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to letter from the Detroit Office to the Atlanta Office dated April 2, 1936, entitled, EDMARD WHIRELY OBENTZ, with aliases, et al., BANK ROBBERY, which set forth that Sergeant P. L. Hutson of the Michigan State Police was leaving for Atlanta, Georgia, for the purpose of interviewing Edward Wilhelm Bentz at the United States Penitentiary, Atlanta, on April 6, 1936, in connection with the robbery of a bank at Grand Haven, Michigan, a few years ago.

On April 4, 1976, a long distance telephone call was received from Mr. Foxworth at the Bureau in connection with reference letter. Mr. Foxworth suggested that the Atlanta Office tactfully arrange to have a Special Agent of the Bureau present when Bentz was being interviewed by Sergeant Hutson. He further suggested that arrangements be made, if possible, whereby Bentz should not be interviewed by any peace officers unless an Agent of the Atlanta Office was present. Shortly after the telephone conversation with Mr. Foxworth, arrangements were made with Warden A. C. Aderhold of the United States Penitentiary, whereby no peace officer is to interview Bentz unless an Agent of the Atlanta Bureau Office is present. This arrangement does not include relatives. In the event the Bureau desires these additional precautions be taken, it is requested that the Atlanta Office be advised immediately.

Mr. Forworth also suggested in another telephone conversation that Bentz, when being interviewed by the Michigan officers, might desire to discuss only the robbery of the Grand Haven, Michigan bank. I proceeded to the Penitentiary with Special Agent W. M. Bott where Bentz was personally interviewed. Bentz stated that he would discuss the Grand Haven bank robbery with the Michigan officers because his brother, Ted Bentz, had been convicted of the robbery of that bank. At that time Ed Bentz intimated that Ted Bentz was

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APR 27 100.

FOR PRIMER OF INVESTIGATION

FOR PRIMER OF INVESTIGATION

RELEASE OF JUSTICE

X

not an active participant in that bank robbery and that by discussing the matter with the Michigan officers he might be able to clear his brother.

Testerday morning, April 6, 1936, Sergeant P. L. Butson of the Detective Division, Michigan State Police, East Lansing, Michigan, accompanied by Chief of Police Lawrence DeWitt of Grand Haven, Michigan, called at this office, at the same time stating that Special Agent in Charge H. H. Reinecks of the Detroit Office had suggested that they call at this office where they would receive the utmost cooperation. They were advised that they were expected, and due to the fact that Special Agent W. M. Bott of this office was very familiar with the workings of the penitentiary and was personally acquainted with Ed Bents, that arrangements had already been effected whereby Agent Bott would conduct them to the penitentiary and see that every courtesy was extended to them.

THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

Agent Bott accompanied Sergeant Hutson and Chief of Police DeWitt to the penitentiary on two visits yesterday morning and afternoon, April 6, and on another visit this morning, April 7, 1936. He stayed with the officers constantly while they were interviewing Bentz and made notes on the information conveyed by Bentz. These notes are being assembled and a report will be rendered in the immediate future setting forth detailed information given by Bentz.

The information conveyed by Ed Bentz related practically in its entirety to the robbery of the <u>Peoples Savings</u>

Bank, Grand Haven, <u>Michigan</u>, during August, 1933, prior to the passage of the Mational Bank Robbery Statutes. Bentz gave a written statement in his own handwriting, admitting participation in that bank robbery. He enumerated the other active participants in the robbery. It was noticeable that the name of his brother, Ted Bentz, is omitted in the statement as an active participant. A copy of this statement was secured and will be incorporated into Agent Bott's report.

After securing the statement regarding the Grand Haven bank robbery, the Michigan officers started questioning Bentz regarding other bank robberies in Michigan which had occurred prior to the Grand Haven bank robbery. Agent Bott,

however, holding in mind the Bureau's suggestions, tactfully and adroitly and without causing any ill feeling, brought the interview to an end. These officers, however, during the general conversation on the day previous, had secured from Bents the names of the participants in five other bank robberies in the State of Michigan. Bents, however, would not discuss the details of those other robberies, at the same time stating that he did not participate in those bank robberies. Incidentally, during the interview with Ed Bentz at the penitentiary, on occasions Bentz made statements to the effect that he had furnished cortain information to the Agents of the Bureau at New York City and elsewhere. This information was not at hand at the Atlanta Office. I am inclined to believe that it should be available for purposes of reference. In view of these circumstances, should the Bureau deem same appropriate, it is suggested that ocmplete reports, memorandums and letters regarding all interviews with Bentz should be transmitted to the Atlanta Office for study before any further interviews of consequence be held with Bentz. The Agents of the office then will be in a position to interrogate Bentz in more detailed manner.

Trusting that this matter has been handled to the satisfaction of the Bureau, I am

Very truly yours,

E. E. CONROY, Special Agent in Charge.

oc Detroit
New York
Boston

Federal Bureau of Investigation

H. S. Department of Instice

EEC: rd 91-49

501 Healey Building Atlanta, Georgia

April 8, 1936

Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

> Re: EDWARD WILHELM BENTZ, with aliases, et al. Peoples Savings Bank, Grand Haven, Michigan. BANK ROBBERT

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent W. M. Bott, Atlanta, Georgia, dated April 8, 1936.

... The Bureau's attention is specifically directed to the threats made to Bentz and the promises given him in connection with a statement received from Bentz regarding the robbery of the Peoples Savings Bank at Grand Haven, Michigan. Agent Bott was merely an observer at the time the interview took place. I desire to call the Bureau's attention, however, to the fact that any Agent of the Bureau being a witness to this type of questioning is placed in a rather delicate position. Naturally, at some future time he may be called upon as a witness, which would result in possible embarrasament to the Bureau.

I have in mind particularly at the present time, that in the not far distant future other local State, County and City officers may come to Atlanta to interview Bentz. Upon instructions of the Burean. arrangements have been made at the United States Penitentiary at Atlanta for an Agent of the Bureau to be present at all such interviews. It is my general impression that Bentz in the future will refuse to give statements to any other officers except employees of the Bureau. His apparent reason for giving the statement in this perticular case was in order to clear his brother Ted Bentz of being an active participant in this bank robbery, at the time he is given a new trial, which I understand is to take place sometime soon. RECORDED

I would appreciate receiving any advice which the INVESTIGATION Bureau may desire to give regarding this particular situation. any other peace officers arrive in Atlanta to interview BentzAfficeUtd 935 1 receipt of advice from the Bureau, I will call the Bureau on the tel before allowing an Agent to be present at any additional interviews Edward Bentz. NO FILE

APR 25.1935

Special Agent in Charge

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PEF: AEK

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PROBLEM

April 22, 1956

Special Agent in Charge, Atlanta, Georgia.

> Bo: RDEARD BILBRIM RENTZ, with aliases; ET AL; Pooples Savings Bank, Grand Haven, Bichigan; BARK ROBBERT.

Bear Sire

Reference is made to your letter of April 8, 1986, in which you called to the Bureau's attention the threats and promises which were made to subject Bents at the time he was interviewed by officials from Grand Haven, Michigan, concerning the robbery of the Peoples Sevings Bank of that city.

You have previously been requested to make such arrangements as necessary in order to be assured that your office would be advised before any purson was allowed to interview Bents at the Atlanta Penitentiary. You were also instructed to arrange to have in Agent present during each such interview. The Agent who is present during those interviews should arrange to indicate to Bents that the Bureau, because an Agent is present during the interview, is not attempting to influence him in making a statement to any other law enforcement agenty.

Yory traly yours,

COMMUNICATIONS SECREMONICS

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MEGERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT ON, U.S. REPARTMENT OF JUST CE

HER

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT DETROIT Atlanta FEZNO. 91-49 4/6 £ 7/36 EDWARD WILHELM BENTZ, with Peoples Savings Bank. BANK ROBBERY Grand Haven, Michigan of facts: Edward Bentz atated he, Baby Pace Nelson, Barl ODoyle, "Chuck "Fisher, Tomogramy and a party to called Freddie" robbed the Peoples Savings Bank, Grand Haven, Michigan on 8/18/33; that Eddie LaRue, Big Witzgereld, Robert Biplet, Homer Walson and Lee Turner robbed the Holland State Bank, Helland Michigan, during September, 1932 and that Campbell, Big" Fitzgerald, Robert Ripley, Eddie LaRue, Gus Shaw, Homer Wilson and Jack Pheifer robbed banks in Albion, Sturgess, Downgiac and Cadillac, Michigan between 1928 and 1931. Bentz disclosed the location of bonds stolen from Grand Haven bank and buried between New Buffalo, Michigan and Michigan City, Indiana. Letter from the Detroit office dated 4/2/36, DETAILS: A separate file is being opened by the Atlanta office in instant matter in order to segregate the following information which pertains to the robbery of banks in the State of Michigan prior to September, 1955, from the Caledonia National Bank case. (2) - Bureau 10 A.M. 2 - Detroit 1 - New York 1 - Boston COPIES DESTROYE 1 - Chicago 2 48 APR 25]

DETAILS: Sergeant P. L. Butson, Detective Bureau. Michigan State Police, East Lansing, Michigan, Chief of Police Lawrence DeWitt, of Grand Haven, Michigan, and this Agent interviewed Edward Wilhelm Bentz, #48025, at the United States Penitentiary, Atlanta. Sergeant Hutson, who conducted the interrogation of Bentz, informed Bentz that the State Authorities of Michigan possessed and ficient evidence to definitely involve him in the robbery of the Peoples Savings Bank of Grand Haven, Michigan on August 18, 1955. Sergeant Hutson advised Bentz that if he would furnish detailed information concerning his participation in the robbery of the Grand Haven Bank and disclose the identity of his associates, the State of Michigan would decline to prosecute him and that the information: furnished by him would never be used in Court against him, but that if he refused to make the desired disclosures, the Attorney General' of the State of Michigan would request the Attorney General of the United States to permit Bentz to be removed from the Atlanta Penitentiary to Grand Haven, Michigan, for trial in the State Courts and ... that a Grand Haven jury would not require more than five minutes to convict Bentz on the evidence already accumulated.

Bentz replied that he had already made a lengthy statement to the Agents of the New York Bureau effice; that he has confidence in the Agents of the Bureau and feels certain that the information which he furnished would be treated confidentially by the Bureau and would not be broadcast in the newspapers. Agt. But son immediately assured Bentz that the information which he might disclose during the present interview would be treated confidentially by the State Authorities in Michigan and that not one word would find its way to the newspapers.

Upon being thus assured Bentz stated that neither he nor his brother Ted, who is at present serving a life sentence in the Michigan State Penitentiary at Marquette, Michigan, for participation in the Embery of the Grand Haven bank, had snything to do with the actual robbery of this bank; that about Decoration Day of 1933, informant moved into a cottage on the shores of Lake Michigan at Long Beach, Indiana; that during June and July of the same year, Baby Face Melson, Tom Carroll, Homer Van Meter, Earl Doyle, "Chuck" Fisher and a fellow called "Freddie", who had two fingers of his right hand amputated and who was later found murdered in Melrose Park, Illinois, moved into cottages at Long Beach; that Nelson approached informant concerning a bank in that vicinity which would be reasonably safe and profitable to rob; that informant, who had "cased" the Peoples Savings Bank of Grand Haven, Michigan the year before, advised Nelson that this bank would probably be what he wanted.

Continuing, Bentz stated that Nelson later informed him that he, Nelson, Carroll, Wan Meter, Doyle, Fisher and Freddie decided to rob the Peoples Savings Bank and that they wanted informant to assist them in their preparations. Bentz admitted he furnished them a set of Indiana license plates which had been issued to him under the name of Renier, with the understanding that these plates were not to be used in the actual robbery. Informant admitted he loaned Relson a machine gun, a rifle and the tacks to prevent pursuit; that he again "cased" the benk in Grand Haven for them and also prepared the get-away that but that he did not participate in the actual robbery of this bank.

Bentz stated that on the day following the robbery of the Peoples Savings Bank at Grand Haven, Michigan, Helson came to him with about \$20,000 worth of Travellers/Cheques and Londs; that informant purchased this loot from Helson for \$5,000 less \$500, the latter amount being the allowance which Nelson made to compensate informant for the loss of informant's machine gum, which had been abandoned during the robbery. With regard to the disposition of the bonds and Travellers Cheques which he had acquired from Nelson, Bentz stated he turned the Cheques over to his brother Ted, who had agreed to dispose of them and who actually did dispose of them both in this country and in England.

Concerning his brother Ted Bentz stated Ted was never involved in a bank robbery; that Ted lacked the courage and was too "weak" to enter a bank "waving a gun"; that Ted was in Long Beach, Indiana only two hours during the entire Summer of 1935; that Ted met two members of Helson's gang during this short visit but that Ted did not receive any information concerning the proposed robbery of the Grand Haven bank and certainly was not requested to participate in the robbery of this bank because no intelligent bank robber would enlist an inexperienced man like Ted. Informant further stated that all the evidence presented against Ted in his recent trial at Grand Haven, Michigan consisted solely of a mistaken identification and the fact that Ted had disposed of the Travellers Cheques which had been stolen from this bank.

Continuing, Bentz stated that the bonds which he purchased from Nelson and which were part of the loot of the Peoples
Savings Bank, were buried by informant and that no one but informant
knows the exact spot in which these bonds were hidden. Asked to furnish a description of the place where these bonds were buried, Bents
stated that "if you drive from New Buffalo, Michigan toward Michigan
City, Indiana over highway #12, you'll have to pass highway #20, which
runs into highway #12 and just about 400 feet before reaching the inter-

section of these highways you turn right on to a gravel or macadam road which immediately crosses the double tracks of the Michigan Central Reilroad." He stated when these railroad tracks are crossed, tennis courts can be seen on the left hand side of this gravel road, and a riding academy in the distance on the right side of the road; that about 75 feet beyond the railroad tracks is a forest which is located on the right hand side of the gravel road; that along the near edge of these woods is a little used trail or road; that if you turn right on to this trail and continue for about 25 feet, you will notice a forked tree which is along the edge of the woods and which is sufficiently unusual in shape to attract attention; that the fork of this tree starts approximately two feet from the ground; that ten feet southwest from the base of this tree and buried two feet underground are two jars containing the bonds taken from the Peoples Savings Bank of Grand Havene

Regarding the report of the Holland State Bank of the Holland, Michigan on September 29, 1932, Bentz stated he had nothing whatsoever to do with this job but that he was sertain of the ideatity of the robbers of this bank because he had talked to them at a later date and had learned through other sources of the smount of the loot; that Eddie LaRue, "Big" Fitzgerald, Robert Ripley, Homer Wilson and Lee Turner composed the gang that robbed the Holland Mank but that informant knows little or nothing concerning the details of the robbery itself or the disposition of the loot.

When questioned concerning the robbery of banks in Albion, Sturgess, Downgiac and Cadillac, Michigan, Bentz advised he did not participate or have anything to do with these robberies; that because of having served a sentence in the Michigan State Penitentiary at Jackson, he had deliberately avoided operations in the State of Michigan; that the gang which committed the above robbery had been unde up of a robber whose last name was Compbell and who was killed at Red Wing, Kinnesota in 1932, "Big" Fitzgerald, Robert Ripley, Eddie LaRue, Gus Shaw, who was later taken for a ride in Chicago, Homer Wilson and Jack Pheifer. Bentz would not disclose any further information concerning the robbery of the banks in these four cities but when asked for information concerning Homer Wilson, Bentz stated he knows nothing concerning Wilson except that Wilson was once arrested by the Police Department of Seattle, Washington as a suspect in a train robbery case but was immediately released.

Regarding the Grand Haven robbery, Bentz stated that Father Toughlin, who was residing in Michigan City, Indiana during the summer of 1955, assisted Baby Face Helson in his preparation for this robbery and that the Buick automobile which was used in the Grand Haven robbery was brought from Chicago to Michigan City and stored in Father Coughlin's garage until it was needed for the robbery.

Bentz was questioned concerning his outlet for the disposition of bonds and securities which he had obtained as a result of his bank robbing activities and stated that Connelly before his death handled at least a million dollars worth of bonds and securities for informant.

Following the above interview Sergeant Hutson informed Bentz that his statement concerning the identity of the robbers who held up the Grand Haven bank was untrue, and that the Michigan State Police possessed positive proof that he had participated in the actual robbery of this bank. Mr. Butson spent considerable time attempting to persuade Bentz to admit his participation in this matter but Bentz declined to make any further admissions.

On the morning of April 7, 1936, Bentz was re-interviewed by Sgt. Hutson, Chief of Police Dewitt and the writer being present. Sgt. Hutson again advised Bentz that this was his last? chance to "come clean"; that if he, Bentz, told the truth concerning the Grand Haven bank robbery, his statements would never be used against him in any court in the State of Michigan and that a detainer would never be filed against him on this particular charge by the State of Michigan but that prosecution would be instituted immediately against him by the State of Michigan if he continued to dany his participation in instant robbery.

Bentz took a pad of paper and wrote the following statement in his own handwriting: <

I rented cottage on Lake Mich. in long beach i May 1933 live there until August 19th 1935.

In June 1935 Jimny Melson came to see me about different banks and said he has several more men coming over from St. paul and who would be over in a week or so.

Jimmy & I talked over the situation and decided to wait until the Arrival of the others.

The second

The following week Doyle and chuck Fisher came over, the first I met them, After talking a few hours they finally agreed to rent cottage next door which at the time was vacant.

in the Control of the After they had settled in cottage Doyle and I went up to Grand Haven, which I had previously seen in 1932, Doyle went into the Bank and looked it over, as I knew the situation, and he came out and said it looked O.K. to him. We stayed in the

town of Grand Haven that night, I stayed at the "Hotel Ferry"
I do not know where Doyle stayed. Hext day we started to run
the "get away" from the bank. This required about three days.
Finally completing same on Hy. #20 in Ohio. We went back to
Long beach.

After checking up on Equipment etc we found we needed machine guns etc. I called up "Lebanon Sporting Goods Co." in San Antonio, Tex. and told him I was sending down two me; and for him to sell them two machine guns. Helson and Fisher went down and got them, which required about two weeks.

While they were in Texas, Tom Murray came over from Ste-Paul and stayed at the cottage next to me. Where Welson had his wife, Helen & sometimes his Mother.

The Bank at Grand Haven was supposed to be robbed the latter part of July, but was put off, due to the fact that I was busy in another venture. Murray stayed on and during the later part of July & Early August Tommy Carroll and Homer Van Meter, Jack liberty, came there to visite

"Fredie" to Nelson's cottage whom Nelson previously knew when working with the Touhy's.

After considerable talk it was decide I, Helson, Fisher, Doyle, Murray, "Fredie" were to rob the Bank.

Melson went to Chicago and got in contact with Jack Liberty and told him to bring out a Buick Automobile, which he did the following day.

The car was put in Conklin's garage where say' that night by Nelson.

The following day which was the 17th, all the equippment was put in the basement of the Cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the cottage Nelson lived in the large part of the large

The morning of the 18th the Buick was brought back to the cottage and driven under the house and here loaded with the equippment tacks, food etc. The priest brought "Fredie" over and we "above name" left for Grand Haven. We drove up on Hy. U.S. 12 and \$1. Three miles west of town we turned west and went on a side road and got the car ourselves etc ready. Changed plates and Each man put on his equippment, it was decided to let "Freddie" drive, I strongly opposed this for his lack of experience but due to the fact he had several fingers off I conscented.

We drove to town and Nelson & I got off on the Street in back of bank, Nelson had one machine gun in a basket. Fisher & Doyle & Murray got off on the corner of Grd & Franklin immediately in back of the bank, "Fredie" took the car and was supposed to park it along the West Side of the post office. Welson & I came up from the West on Wash, St. Fisher, & Murray came around the Corner of 3rd to Wash. Nelson & I entered, I immediately went to the Right and or dar all to lay on the floor. Welson came in back of me. Murray & Fisher stayed in front of the cages, Doyle came to the back door, which I opened. I then took the Cashier to the wault and ordered him to open the safes, which he did. He had just one open when Welson warned me we had a "rank". I brought the cashier out and after looking out of the window ordered every body out the back. The cashier was ordered out first, then Melson went out and started shooting with the machine gun and not seeing the car we worked out way to Franklin St. Stopped the first car which came along and ordered the people out. We got in same and left town according to out "get" the best we could remember. As our "get" was inst. the Buidk auto. Approx. 8 miles north on 31 we seen a car & stopped and changed cars. Then continued on the road, previously run, getting off here & there. North of Adrian we 😕 had several flat tires and stopped a Ford with 5 young fellows and took their car, in which we drove to long beach, here the money was digited 6 ways which amounted to about 260.00 apiece. The recurities & Travelers checks were re tained by me.

Melson, Muray & Fisher tried to lecate "Fredie" but were unsuccessful, I moved to union pier and met Melson, Van Meter Murry & Fisher ten days later at the Extreme End of the road running along long Beach. We split here last I seen of any of them.

Keep your promise about this being confidential, I will take the stand against any of above if necessary but forget about the

The original of the above statement was retained by Sergeant Hutson of the Michigan State Police. The word "Rank" which appears in the above statement means "an arrival of police officers" according to Bents.

Regarding Tom Murray, whose name appears in the above statement as a participant in the Grand Haven robbery, Bentz stated he had never seen or heard of Murray prior to the Summer of 1933 but that Murray was reported to be the operator of a restaurant in St. Paul, Minnesota,

A rough sketch of the location of the bonds buried by Bentz between New Buffalo, Michigan and Michigan City, Indiana is being attached to the Detroit copies of instant report.

A brief resume of the information set forth in this report immediately after its receipt was communicated by Special Agent in Charge E. E. Conroy, over long distance telephone, to Mr. E. A. Temm of the Bureau at Washington, D. C., who stated that in view of the fact that the robbery of the Peoples Savings Bank of Grand Haven Michigan was committed prior to the enactment of the National Bank Robbery statutes, the Bureau did not desire the Detroit office to take any part in the search for the stolen bonds which are alleged to be buried between New Buffalo, Michigan and Michigan City, Indianae

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION TO THE

JOHN ÉDGAR HOOVER

PEF:CDK

Jederal Bureau of Investigation

N. S. Bepartment of Justice

Bashington, B. C.

April 4, 1936.

Time - 9:30 A.M.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: Edward Wilhlem Bentz.

Mr. Earbo
Mr. Juseph
Mr. Kath
Mr. Leter
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Gehilder
Mr. Tumm
Mr. Tumm

SAC Thitley telephoned me from New York and said that this Morning, he received a copy of a letter written by the Detroit Office to the Atlanta William Office, stating that Sergeant Hutson of the Michigan State Police, is leaving Detroit on April 5, 1936 for Atlanta, Georgia, for the purpose of interviewing Ed Bentz at the United States Penitentiary at Atlanta, in connection with the robbery of the bank at Grand Haven, Michigan. The letter goes on to state that Sergeant Hutson will contact the Atlanta Office in order that arrangements might be made through that office for the Sergeant to interview Bentz in the penitentiary. The letter continues that although we had previously informed Detroit that we thought it was better for state officers to be discouraged from interviewing Bentz, in view of the relations in Detroit with the Michigan State Police, who are very insistent that they talk with Bentz about the Grand Haven case, all we can do is to cooperate with them.

Mr. Whitley said he can readily understand this situation, despite the fact that Bentz gave us substantially all of the information relative to that particular robbery, which information was furnished to the Detroit Office. However, Mr. Whitley said that this matter is a source of concern for many reasons. He pointed out that if we start promoting or sponsoring or taking. out state officials from all over the United States to talk to Bents in the. penitentiary, very quickly we are going to offend Bents and ruin his excellent cooperation with us. He said that while he hopes there will not be a repetition of such requests, he believes the Atlanta Office should go out to the penitentiary and see Bentz before the Michigan State man arrives, and ask Bentz if it will be all right to bring the Michigan State man out there to talk about the Grand Haven bank robbery. Mr. Whitley said he is sure Bents will say yes to this request, perticularly in view of the fact that his brother, Ted Bentz, is now serving a "bum rap" for this robbery in Michigan. However, our asking him first will cartainly put him in a better frame of mind. At the same time, Mr. Whitley said Bentz should be told not to tell the Michigan officer about any case except the Grand Haven robbery. He pointed out that if we do not make this request, and Bentz gets started talking, he will probably tell this Michigan man everything he has told us, which would, of course, be disasterous.

Mr. Whitley said that the Atlanta Agents should be cautioned not to let the prison officials know that Bentz is talking to us. He said that Bentz made this specific request before he left New York. By Kolb the Agents, that any time they wanted to know anything, he would be glad to tell them anything that he might know about it; however, he asked that whatever a did, conto to let the penitentiary officials know that he is talking to the Agents.

MOLIES DIMINOATE

APR 13 1938

EUG. SU.

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Bentz pointed out that if they knew he was talking to the igents, they would try to make a stool pigeon out of him in the penitentiary. Bentz said he would certainly not be a stool pigeon inside the walls, because he has to live there a long time.

Mr. Whitley suggested, in which I concur, that the Atlanta Office be contacted right away with reference to the above matter.

Time - 10:00 A.M.

S. Ashrold Market Market

I telephoned SAC Conroy at the Atlanta Office, and while he has not as yet seen the letter from Detroit to which Mr. Whitley referred, I advised him of the facts as contained in the letter as related by Mr. Whitley, and of the views and opinions of Mr. Whitley in the premises. I also pointed out specifically to Mr. Conroy the request of Bentz that the prison officials not be informed that he is talking to us regarding these cases.

Mr. Conroy said that he would personally take care of this matter, and assured me that he would caution Bentz to talk to this Michigan officer about no case but the Grand Haven bank robbery.

Respectfully,

Attacworth P. E. FOXNORTH. Post Office Box 2118 Detroit - Michigan April 16, 1986

Special Agent in Charge Chicago, Illinois

> Bo: MONARD WILHELK BEFFZ with aliases; et al; Papples Savings Bank, Grand Haven, Mich. BANK HOBBERY.

Dear Sir:

The Michigan State Police are very much interested in ascertaining the identity of one "Freddie" who is alleged to have participated in the above bank robbery. It is stated that he has two middle fingers missing from his right hand and was formerly a Touly gangster. It is also reported that he was shot by "Baby Face" Melson for running away with the automobile from the Grand Haven job. It is thought that perhaps you or some Agents in your office might be aware of the identity of this individual and can furnish a photograph of him for the use of the Michigan State Police.

Will you also please forward a photograph of Homer Wilson, whose name is mentioned in the Brewer kidneping case, and also confirm my belief that he is now dead.

Year truly yours,

HER: AM 91-48

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H. H. Reinecks Special Agent in Charge

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O DEPARTMENT OF POLILE

City of Grand Haven

MICHIGAN

LAWRENCE DEWITT, CHIEF

March 26,1936.

John Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.

My dear Chief:

73-28-95

I have been advised of the disposition of the Edward Bentz case at Burlington, Vermont, to the effect he has been sentenced to the U.S. Penitent-iary at Alanta, Ga, for a period of twenty years. May I extend my congratulations to the Deaprtment of Justice in the apprehension of Bentz, that again the ends of Justice have been satisfied.

As there are two bandits still unidentified in our bank robbery as of August I8, I933. I am
very much interested to know whether Edward Bentz or
Theodore Bentz made any statements in regard to whom
the other participants might be in the bank robbery
here, to any of your Agents that have questioned
them, if so, if you could authorize that information
forwarded to this office, such as names of there
associates and where photographs could be obtained
to assist us in identifying them by the local bank
employes.

If any such information is available at the Detroit or Chicago office of the Department of Justice, with your authorization I would appreciate the opportunity to go there and accept such information as might be helpful to us in our investigation.

Thanking you for your co-operation, I am

Coleman My Common

116 NI ONTHE KARD GROUPS

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April 17, 1936

PECORDED

Hr. Laurence Defitt, Chief of Police, Grand Haven, Hickigan,

My dear Chiefs

91-57-12

I have your letter of March 26, 1936, and destre to express my sincere appreciation for the commendatory remarks contained therein relative to the work of this Bureau in the Edward Bents case.

In view of the fact that it has been possible to arrange for you to personally interview Bents, the statements he made to Agents of this Bureau concerning the robbery of the Feedles Savings Bank, Grand Eaven, Michigen, on August 18, 1933, are not being set out herein. I trust you found the interview satisfactory and that it has materially assisted you in your investigation of this bank robbery.

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Mr. Reiben
Mr. Toloris
Mr. Baugirman
Chief Cierk
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Corpe
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Edwards
Mr. Form. CO Detroit
Mr. Form. CO Detroit
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Joseph
Mr. Ecule
Mr. Scilan
Mr. Ecule
Mr. Ecule
Mr. Ecule
Mr. Ecule
Mr. Colans
Mr. Ecule
Mr. Colans
Mr

Federal Bureau of Investigation

H. S. Department of Institute
501 Healey Building
Atlanta, Georgia
May 2, 1936

WMB/D 91-49

Director, Yederal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.

Re: EDWARD WILHELM HENTZ Peoples Savings Bank, O Grand Haven, Michigan BANK ROBBERY

12/

Dear Sir:

On April 8, 1936, Bentz furnished information concerning the hiding place of the securities taken from the above mentioned bank to Sergeant P. L. Hutson, Michigan State Police, and to Chief of Police Lawrence Dewitt of Grand Haven, Michigan.

The Atlanta Office recently received letters from both of these officers advising that they have followed the directions furnished by Bentz but that they have been unsuccessful in their attempts to locate the securities. They requested this office to display certain photographs to Bentz, in order to determine more definitely where these bonds are sached.

It is my opinion that Bentz will be pleased to assist these officers, and authority is requested to furnish Sergeant Hutson and Chief of Police DeWitt with the information they desire to secure.

Very truly yours,

O. C. Cours Jaser

Special Agent in Charge

cc: Detroit

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FLDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 4 1935 1. M.

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PEF:TD 91-57 _ 15

May 12, 1956

Recorded

Special Agent in Charge, Atlanta, Georgia,

> Ret EDWARD WILKELS SENTS; Peoples Savings Bank, Grand Haven, Michigan -BANK MOBBERTS

Beer Street

The Pureeu has received your letter of May 2, 1938, in which you request permission to display to Bents certain photographs which have been received from the Michigan State Police and to furnish Sergeant P. L. Mutson of that erganic setion, and Chief of Police Lewrence Delitt, of Grand Haven, Michigan, with whatever information might be developed as a result thereb; and also whatever further information might be secured from Bents regarding the location of pertain securities taken during the robbery of the above banks.

Tou are authorised to render this assistance to the interested officials.

Terr truly years,

John Edgar Hoover, Director,

ec-Detrois

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 1 3 1936

P. M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEFITING TO HERE OF

FR.

501 Below Building Atlants, Georgia May 22, 1936

₩±/D

Special Agent in Charge, Detroit, Nichigan

He: KINARD WILHELM BRITZ, with alianes; et al. Peoples Savings Bank, Corand Bayen, Michigan, Park Roberty

Dear Sire

In view of the fact that all investigative work here been completed in the entitled case in this district, and Ed Bentz has been transferred to Alcetres Penitentiary, instant case is being considered referred upon completion to the effice of origin.

E. E. COMROY, Special Lent in Charge

oc: Bureau

FIRE SUPPLIES OF S

Fost Office Box 812 Chicago . Illinois

May. 25. 1936

Special Agent in Charge Detroit, Michigan

RE: EDWARD FILEIEM FENTZ WITH CLICOS, et al - FEOPLES CAVINGS BACK CRAND FAVEN, MICHIGAN - BAKK ROBERRY

Dear Sir:

Referring to your letter dated April 16, 1936, in the above captioned matter, this is to advise that Special Ament A.V. orstrom of this office contacted Captain John Norton, foreign this of Detectives, Sergeant Jack Hanrahan assigned to the Chief of Detectives office, deputy chief talter C. Storm, and Charles Coughlin, Identification Unit, all of the Chicago Police Department, Chicago, Illinois, for information concerning the identity of one reddie, who is alleged to have participated in the above named bank robbery, who is known to have the two middle fingers missing from his right hand, and who was forwerly a jouhy gangeter.

No one of the above named persons could furnish information concernity such an individual, all stating that the only person sho would remotely answer this description would be william 5 makes, alias willies white, alias willies willies white, alias willies on January 25, 1964, by persons unknown in Cak Park, Illinois, a suburb of Chicago. His description as obtained from sergeant Coughlin is as follows:

Name: William 5. White, aliases: Willie White; Three-fingered Jack

Chicago F.D.No. C-16556, arrested 4-29-29, general principles

Age: 32; weight, 175 lb.; height 5'll-heir, medium chestnut; byes, hazel.

Scars and marks: 1 m. 2 vertical out sour 8 x 2 REAULE forearm, inner; ring, middle and innex fincer 29 1936 ampute 3. Fingerprint classification: WA 29 1936

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JUN 2 1935

U. E. DEPARTMENT OF PIETINS

FILE

According to Ferguent Coughlis, Shite was a tapone gampater actively engaged in labor union rackets prior to his death.

Inamuch as id Bentz alleged that Freddie was killed in Welrose Park, Illinois, inquiry was made at the Cook County Coroner's office; that office informing that no record of homicides was kept by communities in which they occurred, and without the full name of the victim, no record of the death could be found.

Park, Illinois, without success.

Inquiry of Ross Sanders, former superintendent of the Protective Decartment of the Illinois Fankers association, 35 %. IaSalle Street, revealed that the only bent robber he knew named Freddie was Freddie ford, alias Freddie Danstan, who is an associate of Ceorge Cootz, himerisarner, Farold Alderton and Edmund Sartholmer, all subjects in the Brekid and Fanap cases. According to Canders, Poyd was wented for the robber of the Liste Park at Fredin and Illinois, 13 miles west of Chicago on Januar 16, 19.6, in which he participated with Coetz and Chuck Brunsworth, who was killed shortly thereafter by officers at Cicero, Illinois. Tr. Sanders was unable to state whether Boyd was ever apprehended or killed, and had no available photo raph of him.

The files of the Illinois Backers Association reflect that Boyd was described as follows:

Born reb. 28, 1698 at St. Cloud, Minnesota Reight, 5'83"; weight, 160 lb.; bair, dark brown; eyes, brown.

The report of Special Agent W.R.Ramany dated Jugust 8, 1934 at CanFrancisco, California in the Brekid case reposing an interview with Irene Coetx, reflects that at that time (date of interview) according to bre. Coetx, Boyd was incarcerated in the Kinnesota State Penitentiary at Stillwater, Minnesota for beak robbery.

In that there appears to be no further investigation in this matter, this case is referred upon completion to the office of origin.

91-70 17 37 cc Bureau Very truly yours,
LADD
Special Agent in Cherge

Anited States Department of Justice

Ottawa, Ontario

THE WORLD HAVE THE PROPERTY AND PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

Personal and Conf

J. Edgar Hoover, Esq., Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., U. S. A.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

There is being enclosed herewith copy of the transcript of the testimony in the case of the People of the State of Michigan versus Theodore Bentz, alias Theodore Craig. This trial was held at the Circuit Court for Ottawa County, Michigan, U.S.A., on September 24, 25, 1934, before the Hon. Fred T. Miles, Circuit Judge. The case was a trial by jury. The copy of this transcript was forwarded to me by subject Ted Bentz, who is presently incarcerated in the Jackson Penitentiary, Jackson, Michigan, where he is serving a life sentence for bank robbery.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a letter which subject Bentz wrote me when forwarding the above-mentioned transcript. I have read this transcript and know the Bureau has all this information in their files concerning the bank robbery but feel, however, that I should make the receipt of this testimony an official matter of record with the Bureau, as well as correspondence received from Bentz concerning his appeal of this RECORDED & INDEXED

As you know, Ted Bentz-hascorresponding with me since the time I first met him in Burlington, Vermont, when he appeared

government witness against Clyde Nimerick, w.a.s. bank robbery, who was arrested by Bureau Agents in Chicago and found guilty by the jury in Burlington, Vermont.

Since this meeting with Ted Bentz, he has written me from time to time and thought I should continue to correspond with him inasmuch as he might make a valuable informant some day for the Bureau.

Also enclosed herewith are copies of the letter which I wrote to Ted Bentz acknowled-ging receipt of the transcript.

Very truly yours.

M. Joseph Lynch, Inspector.

Encs. 3

Name Ted Craig Bentz No. 46144 To Whom M. Joseph Lynch Relation Friend Date 6/21/43 Street F.B.J. City Washington; State D.C. CENSORED

From: Ted Bentz, 46144 - 4000 Cooper Street Jackson, Michigan

July 14, 1945

Yr. Y. Joseph Lynch,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D.C.

Dear Joe:

I have your interesting letter dated April 27th and was delighted to hear from you. Having been so busy with everything, I just couldn't get around to answering sooner. And, of course, I wanted to mail you a copy of my transcript. I finally get it together; you will find the same enclosed herewith. You may keep this for your personal file, since I have additional copies. Let me have your comments - okay?

By the time you have read through the testimony of the trial I expect to have in the mail to you copies of all the new evidence which I have obtained since the trial. With that I may be able to include a copy of my motion and perhaps copies of the appellate procedure.

Supreme Court refused to review the case. By motion for leave to appeal was denied, and I am now preparing to appeal the case to the United States Supreme Court. By first motion in the highest tribunal shall be a motion for leave to appeal. Since I should like to bring in the facts, I am attempting to perfect a general appeal rather than seed a review by writh of certionari. However, the court under the statute you know has the right to revert to certionari. With the application for leave to appeal I am intending to send up a certified copy of the entirely complete record. It may give the court incentive to perpend the new evidence which, if presented on a retrial of the cause, would effect my acquittal.

I am particularly interested in having you read the confession made by Ed in the case, wherein which confession he names his confederates and exonerates me. Also you should read the "Testimony in Error" in which Ed points out how the bankers mistakeningly identified me for Fisher. These items shall be included with the copies of the new evidence copies of which I propose to mail to you.

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INCLOSURE.

91-57-15

At the present time about 500 of us fellows are helping the O.P.A. with food rationing books, addressing and mailing etc. We have some two million of them to distribute by mail to the various towns in Kichigan. We are getting out about 100,000 a day I understand. It is a voluntary job. However, while this is going on there is no school. Thus for the present I am teaching the boys how to work on rationing books for the Government. There isn't much to it. All it requires is a fair education and a good handwriting. The boys take to it like ducks to water. And most of them are positively enthused.

If you ever do go to California, you certainly should not reject an opportunity to meet Capt. Hansley. He's a swell guy.

Speaking of Ed, he is getting along fine. I hear from him every month. At present the Gov. is paying them a small wage for doing some sort of war work in the prison. He has been pretty busy with his literary endeavors. In case you care to drop him a line, his number is Box PMB 307 A Z, Alcatraz, Calif.

The weather must be enjoyable nice up there in Ottawa at this time. Or have you left? We are laboring under a sweltering wave, and boy, would I enjoy a good swim out there somewhere.

Just received a letter from my cousin Waltwho is a Sergeant in the U.S. Intelligence Service in Africa. He was talking about how swell it was to get a good swim in the ocean off Port Said after that battle in which his outfit was given the credit for capturing that famous German general "Von Arnim." Walt, having been in the thick of it, scored for some irreplacable souviners. He is indescribably proud of his medals. He is a great guy. Comes from Kinnesota, an ardent fisherman, a splendid duck and deer hunter. In his letters he occasionally reminds me that "we" have a date after the war to go fishing "up there in Minnesota" in his favorite spot. I smile, I got to get out of this can first.

By the way since, you are interested what my possibilities for a parole in 14 months hence when my ten calendar years shall have expired, it might be well to let you know. Well, sir, you know the judge in his opinion denying the motion I made to smend sentence stated if the Parole Board thinks I am or I should say could be safely paroled, the sentence at the termination of ten years would be modified accordingly. Thus I assume the Judge would recommend me for a parole. I have a good prison conduct record. I have, I believe, vastly improved myself. I have, I believe, accomplished much. Further, I have positive evidence of my innocence.

Therefore, I believe the Parole Board - when the ten years are served - will consider me for a perole under the ten-year life law. Capt. Hansley has offered me a swell position, taking full charge of his "Lodge on the Hill" summer and winter resort, or I would probably be assigned to some work beneficial to our war effort. Capt. is willing to supervise my parole and, of course, he would be my parole officer if agreeable to the Parole Board. In case I lose out through the courts, I shall petition the Parole Board. In that connection I may ask you for a letter?

Things otherwise are going along well with me. I often wonder just how the people out there are taking the present situation. A fellow hears and reads a lot about it, but a personal observation of them gives one a better understanding of their whims, their sentiments, the daily pursuits in life. As a sort of a writer, naturally, I would observe the various characters.

Well, Joe, let me hear from you whenever you have time to do me a letter, won't you? And tell Mr. Hower that I think he and his staff are really doing a swell job in this war, keeping down sabotage and criminal activity. And don't forget to stop in here when you fellows happen around. With best wishes to you and your grand boss, I am

Sincerely,

Ted

Ted Bentz

Sgd. Ted Bentz

P.S. Acknowledge receirt of transcript, ch?

Ottawa, Catario, July 20, 1943.

Pr. Ted Crair Bentz; 46144 - 4000 Cooper Street, Jackson, Lichigan, U. S. A.

Pear Ted:

I received your letter dated July 14, 1947, together with a copy of the transcript of the testimony in your case. Unfortunately due to other official commitments I have not had the opportunity to peruse this as yet but when I am in a position to comment concerning this testimony, I will get in touch with you. I did, however, want to write you and let you know that I had received this transcript and, at the first opportunity, will certainly read it.

In your letter you mentioned you were going to m il me comies of all the new swidence which you have been able to obtain since the trial, together with Ed's confession. When you get around to it, I would certainly like to have you forward these items to me.

I can readily understand that with the work which you are supervising, your teaching career is interrupted but I know that you too realize because of the international situation our personal regards have to be put saide until this job has been terminated and victory is assured.

I was flad to hear that everything is going along as well as you can exceet and to know that you are enjoying good health.

Fany thanks for your comments conserving ir. Hoover and the FBI personnel. If the apportunity presents itself I will certainly convey to Mr. Hoover your best wishes for his continued success.



MICLOSURE 9/-57-15

I do not known when I will next be in the States but if my itinerary takes me in the vicinity of Jackson, Richigan, I will certainly pay you a visit. I hope that this visit can become an actuality in the not too distant future.

I would like to hear from you, especially regarding the items which you mentioned in the letter, and it is suggested that you write me c/o the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C., as I do not know how long I will be at my present post of assignment and, as you know, the FBI will always forward my mail to me.

Concerning your parole, it will be appreciated if you will keep in touch with me concerning the date that this is to take place and also as to when and where you will work and live.

Very truly yours,

E. Joseph Lynch.

From: Ted Bentz 46144--4000 Cooper Street Jackson, Michigan

41-57-15

46

STATE OF MICHIGAN

HE THE CHRUNT COURT FOR ALLEGAE COUNTY
Before Hon. Fred T. Miles, Circuit Judge, and
a Jury.
September 24, 1934. (9 A M)

recyle of the State of Michigan,

TS.

Theodore Sents, alies Theodore Graig,

Respondent.

Appearances:

Mr. John R. Detimers, irresouting Attorney, on behalf of the resple.

Er. Albern rarsons, Attorney for Respondents

(Sury called, examined and sworm. Opening statement by ir. Dethmers.

LR. William H. 1 Mil 20ROM, being first duly sworn by the Clerk, testified as follows:

- LIRSUT EXAMINATION BY LR. DETHERES:
- . Er. collegrom, what is your occupation?
- A Hanker and assistant Cashier.
- In which tank are you the assistant Cashier?
- A recoles' Savings Bank of Grand Eaven.
- Is that a Kichican Banking corroration? A Tes, sir; on the corner of Third and Washington.
- Q In this city? A In this city.
- And were you employed as such Assistant Oashier in that bank on the 18th day of august, 1955? A Yes, sir, 1 was.

STATE OF MICHIGAN

CIRCUIT COURT FOR OTTAKE COUNTY

Before Hon, Fred T. Miles, Circuit Judge, and a Jury. September 24, 25, 1934

recopie of the State of Michigan, vs.

Theodore Bentz, alias

Respondent

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- and were you engaged in your duties in that bank on that days A Yes, sir, I was on duty all day.
- and will you state to the Court what, if anything, occurred on that day other than the usual occurrences?
- A Yes, sir; at the closing time, which was about three o'clock, we were visited by some bandits, two gentlemen walked in followed by two others; we were held up.
- first saw anything of these bandits, as you call them?
- A 1 was at the bookkeeping deak.

 ER. DEFHLERS: Nark this. (reper marked reoples):

 ixhi:it 1)
- the purpose of identification peoples' Exhibit 1, and
 lask you whether this is a fair presentation of the
 floor plan of the recyles Bank in which you were
 suployed on that day? A Yes, sir, that is a floor
 plan of the recyles Savings bank.
- is where? A it is on washington.
- That is on this chart. Will you indicate where the front entrance is? A Right here, this is the vestibule. (Indicating)
- & This swinging door, that swings into the vestibule?
- A Loth ways.
- westibule from the lobby? A Sither way.
- . And this is the main lobby, is it? A That is the main lobby.
- whether or not these lines here indicate railings or cages? A The outline of the cages.

- these four marks indicate windows in those cuges, is that rightly A Tes, Sir.
- that I have reference to that I was working at, at the time; I was right about there. (pointing)
- who will entrance to this bank faces what direction?
- A it faces north. This here is north. Here is Washington. This is north. This is east, and this is west.
- 4 And this bank is located on a corner?
- A The bank is located on this corner.

(::

- 4 and there is a sidewalk around here, the west side of the bank? A Yes, sir; Third Street.
- upstairs to the offices that are located above the bank.
- Q There is a small hall here? A Small hall in there.
- bank into this lobby.
- a and into this little hall? A and into this little
- w By mouns of these two doors here you have a rear
- ... exit from the bank? A Yes, sir.
- we have partitioned off and use for meetings, public meetings, swinging doors between the main back of the c.gss and this room.
- Q is this a directors' room? A This is directors',
- 4 And there is a deak here? A Deak in the center,
- . And chairs around there? A Yes, sir.

. This is the working part of Ahe bank, eleven employees eround in here.

6

- what is this room up here? A The cashier's office.
- . and this is the entrance from the lobby also?
- A Entrance from the lobby right around the corner of the vestibule.
- And what is this here? A Here is the grill, there is a grill across here; there is a door that goes into the grill.
- part behind the cages and the grill? A Here through the cushier's office---
- and all through? A And all through this way((indicating);
 all through this grill door down to the front of the
 vault and around, and a hollway down here, hall leading
 the ainto the directors' room.
- Lart where the employees were was the front door to the eachier's office and the brok door through the grill?
- A Yes, sir.
- Thoro is a wire fence here? A Yes.
- The fight is it? A well it must be six and a half test I should imagine.
- and it also shows the cages with wire gratings, is that correct? A This spindle work, up above the marble and down below.
- You say you were where when you first arw the men come in? A I was right here, right at the Sorner of this desk. (Indicating)
- L and where did you first see these bandits, where were

they when you first saw them? A There was two come in, a me up to these windows, the teller's window.

- That is the window right on the corner?
- A Hight on the corner, the teller's window,
- and to those eages, the bottom part up the counter is composed of what? A well on the outside it is about that height, four and a half,
- on the outside.
- what is there above the four, four and a helf feet of murble? A lattice work, same---
- W Metal work? A Metal.
- . and those are little rods? A Little rods about an inch apart.
- Q So you can look right through there? A Yes, sir.
- after you saw these two men come in and approach this teller's window, what did you see next? A well they ordered us to hold up, and I was looking in the end of a gun barrel.
- window.
- this was stationed at that window? A Mr. welling then at that window.
- Q Arthur delling? A Arthur Welling.
- and the first two men that came into the bank, where
 did they go? A well one fellow stood there and said
 to welling "hends up," and this other welked down this
 way toward the savings room window, came over here and
 stood here (indic ting), that is where I saw him, right
 here; after he walked there he stood there, that is
 right at this door.

- . That is right in the rear end of the lobby?
- A Yos, sir.
- Right in the entrunes to the room behind? A Tes, he stood there with a gun and had them sovered from there.
- wand then did you see any others come in? A There was two others followed these two.

€.

- got in the door, and closed the curtain, they started to close the curtain.
- which curtains are those? A Windows.
- 4 That is, which curtains do you refer to, on which window?
- A well there are curtains on the windows outside of the vestibule and these curtains over here, we had curtains one could draw.
- wild you see those other two men do that?
- A I saw one of them do it.
- ahith curtain did you see him draw? A The one in the lobby, the one in the vestibule, as they come in.
- and then did you see those two men further? where is
- A well one of them, I noticed one of them going into the cushier's office, and the next time I looked up one was way over here with a machine gun.
- for the time being? A Stayed there for the time being until these fellows got in here.
- this window? A The man that walked from this window? A The man that walked over here, the last I saw him, he was over here. We were ordered to lie down on the floor.
- what was he doing over there? A He had a gun and

stood guard over there I suppose; where he went from there, I don't know. We were ordered to lay on the floor, fose down.

- which one of these men? A No, I don't know which one it was that told us to lie on the floor,
- side; well, I was lying right about in here (indicating)
 for the simple reason that when I looked up I sould see
 kies keshke lying here on the floor. She was extered to
 lie down there.
- the entrance to the wault. Miss Reshke was ordered to lie down there.
- there? A l looked up and see her lie, th, I could just see her lying over thore, yes, sir.
- . Then what happened as you were lying on the floor?
- A field I lay there on the floor like this, with my head up, until finally the fellow book of me said " put your face down." Well I was obeying orders; he had a gun over me, and before that I -- before I put my face down I saw one of the other bandits go in the wault; he called for the cashier, and I saw him go in the wault with the cashier and the cashier wasn't able to open the thing quick enough.
- q That is who: A Mr. Bolt.
- . You saw Mr. Bolt go in with one of these rothers?
- A I saw him go in with one of the other robbers.
- what hoppened? A He didn't open quick enough so they got welling. I didn't see Welling come out.

4 Then what happened next? A well after they had their loot and had the wault open ----

(:

- Lid you see them take any of the loot? A Well when I was here, I was here and one fellow some in here (indicating), tried to show stuff off the counter.
- what was there to be shoved off?
- A Travelers' checks and mutilated money and ald,
 mutilated and torn bills we had in the piles, and the
 till is right in here 1 don't know whother I didn't
 see him take the till but I saw him take the other.
- Q Tou saw him take the money off this counter?
- A Yes, sir.
- Then did you see them take anything else? A Mo; I saw them going in the wault, but -
- . You couldn't see what went on in there?
- A No. 1 didn't see what was going on in there. 1 know that one of them some of them took the bonds off my desk, seven thousand dollars Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Faul, due in two years, two thousand dollars I had on that desk, that were taken off.
- bid you soo them token off? A No, I didn't, I must have been lying on the floor when they got them; they were gone.
- They were gone after you came in the bank? A Ro.
- 4 As you key on the floor and first Mr. Bolt and Mr. Welling went into the wault and then came out, what happened after that? A Well while I was lying on the floor I got a look at one of those other fellows, this fellow that was in the wault, that ordered them in the wault, one of the other bendits, until I was wold to put my face down after that, and I did, well, until

we was ordered to get up.

- ¿ In were ordered to get up? A se were ordered to get up and file out of the back door.
- & After you were ordered to get up, what happened?
- bandits ahead of me and some of the other employees and Mr. Bolt was shead of me, and some other, I presume, I don't know who, enother employee of the bank, I know there was a bandit back of me, When I got out on the sidewalk-
- line before you got out, or how did that come about?
- A They ordered us all up from the floor and they ordered us off the floor and ordered us to line up here and go out this way; so we all got off the floor and welked around here and went out this door. (Indicating on chart)
- This is the rear door? A The rear door.
- and as you went out there, after you got out, did
 you see anything of this bundit whom you say you say
 in the first place come to a stop at the rear of the
 lobby near this rear entrance from the lobby into the
 employees room? A He was shead of me.
- yes, sir; he was ahead of me. I know he was ahead of me.
- Q Did you have occasion to see him then again?
- A Yes, 1 did.
- where were you when you saw him then again?
- A 1 was standing out here, just coming out here, standing out here.
- where was he? A but towards the edge of the sidewalk.

- . About how far from you? A Maybe five or six feet about of me.
- what was he doing? A He was had a gun, machine gun er samothing, he was elearing the way there.
- of the lobby here? A Tes, he was shooting, he had a gen and was shooting. This is the same man that same in here and stood there; the last I saw of him he was out on the edge of the sidewalk.
- what if anything happened to you when you got out on the sidewalk?
- A dell the shooting started, and I got some of the scattering lead in my inster, I didn't know what to do really; I noticed the bullets come across and strike the building in one place so I thought the test thing that I could do was lay down; I got down what I thought was underneath the line of fire.
- where did you lie down? A Here is the rear door, right here, and I got out there and lie down right along the sidewalk here.
- Right along the sidewalk? A Right along the sidewalk, close up ag inst the building, until I noticed that they were working toward Franklin Street.
- Q which way is Franklin Street A Franklin Street is south. Franklin Street is off this way:
- 4 The street that intersects this street here? A Tes.
- to Franklin Street? A Yes, they started going that way, and 1 got up and 1 noticed Mr. Bolt.
- where did you see Mr. Bolt? A He was right sheed of me there at the rear of the bank. Here is the stairway, he was out here on the sidewalk.

and eak you if you can tell me what that is a picture of?

- A Phat is a picture of the mote teller's window, note and discount window, note teller, Mr. Lindersulder.
- windows in that cage? A That is the first window to
 the right as you come in through the vestibule.
- That window is the front window? A Yes, sir; here le a door leeding to Mr. Bolt, the exphier's office. This window is the first window.
- an identify that? A Tes, sir; that is the teller's window.
- And this iron rail there? A It is an iron grill I had references to, that is six foot, six and a half, tall.
- . And that shows behind the entrance into the wault?
- A The entrance into the wault.

MR. DARKERS; Mr. Parsons, do you want to step up and see this. Now you have before you the chart, replies Exhibit 1.

- the erge, and what window did you say that was?
- A That was the same; note teller's window.
- C and will you show us where that picture fits in on that chart? A Right in this place, right in here.
- this line here on resples Exhibit 1. A Yes, mir.
- And then I show you this Peoples' Exhibit 3, and will you indicate where that would fit on this chart, reoples' Exhibit 1?

In other words, does this curve in this exhibit here re; resent this curve on the chart? A The curve, this window right here. (indicating)

- . The window right here, and the wire fence, where is that?
- A That is right here, th t is this grill right here,
- Q in other words, this view as we see it in this picture to it the view that is presented to you if you were to stand about here on this chart. You see before you this curve, the window and the rear.
- A Just about here, I imagine about in here, at the edge, or right in here. You have got the grill, there is the grill, and the wault door, all shows up in the picture.
- . This rear expanse of eage cannot be seen in this picture.
- A The direct line here, here is the curve, it is in a direct line.
- In other words, this bookkeeper's window and savings
 window that shows on recyles' Exhibit 1, are behind this
 window on Feoples' Exhibit 57 A Yes, this partition
 goes through there.

Ar. DaTHEGRA: Does the jury get an idea from that?

A You see this edge here is this here space, from here to here.

kR. D3FEKER3: I will ask that these respless
Exhibits 2 and 3 be received in evidence.

ER. ARROWS: No objection.

THE COURT: Received.

Fow Mr. Pellegrom, you say when you saw Mr. Belt souffling with Mr. Doyle in the yard back of the bank that you went up there at that time? A I was there with a bunch yes, when he was struck over the head with a shot gun.

so you had an opportunity at that time to see Mr. Doyle?

(3)

(

- A Yes, sir.
- . And did you so Mr. Doyle again at intervals after that?
- A well they dragged him book of Addison, rellegrom, Colson's store and shook him out of his elothes, that is the last time I saw him,
- Do you remember from your observation as you saw these man come in, in what order Mr. Doyle same into the bank? due he one of those first two or one of the two that foll wed?
- A No, he was one of the other two, he was one of the second two; he went right into the e shier's office.
- So Mr. Doyle was not one of those two that started up
- of the bindits that entered that tank that day, aside from kr. Doyle? A Yes, sir.
- Er. Doyle, will you state to the jury which one he is,
 and in what order he came into the bank? was he one of the
 first two that came in?
- a little short fellow, had a ristol, and this one that I have reference to here.
- That you claim you have since?
- A That I have seen since, was over on this side, he guarded here, he walked over here, he walked down this way, and walked, the last I saw of him he was over here near this deak, and we have got a little deak there, it is a wall deak.
- There is a will deak at which you our sign checks and things like that?

- A Yes, myle it was over firther than that, over in there.
 There is a little well desk.
- w well indicate about how that desk is located?

(

- A Well it is just, -- this is etheched to the side will,
- w That is about the position of the desk? A Yes, sir.
- and where did this man whom you claim to have seen since the date of the robbery, who is not Mr. Doyle, where did he come to stand?
- A lie was on this side, walked down here and he stood about there, the last time I seen him.
- We'r the south end of that well deak? A Tes, sir.
- 4 And where were you stonding at that time?
- A At that time I was standing right along here.
- at that time this short fellow you were talking about stood here? A Yes, he had me covered, and Er, Welling covered.
- and Er. Welling was standing where? A Just off to one side a little bit, and had his hands up, and he had him covered and had me covered.
- there which direction were you facing?
- A 1 was feeing this way, feeing east.
- And did you have opportunity to see beyond this little robber that stood at this window and see the other man who walked over toward this desk?
- A Yes, until we were ordered to lay on the floor,
- back and stood next to this small desk? A After his arrest.
 - whore did you see him? A in the county jail.
 - And where did you next see him efter that? w at the hearing here.

. That is, at the exumination here in the court room?

:

- A Yes, sir.
- and have you seen him since then? A Tes, sir; I am looking at him right now.
- Where is he? A Right there. (Indicating)
- here? A Tes, sir.
- 4 Do you know that he is one of the men? A Absolutely,
- Q Do you know that he is the man that you described as walking back to that wall desk? A Tes, sir,
- 4 Are you positive that he is the man? A Tes, sir,
- 4 Is there any doubt in your mind? A Not a particle.
- Couldn't you be mistaken about 187
- A 1 don't see how i sould. You know a man when you know him. I know the man I am looking at. I have ho doubt at all.
 - You tra positive? A 1 am positive that is the man, one of them, and the man I have reference to, that welked over.
 - walked over to that will desk in the rear of the bank?
 - A Yes, sir.
 - atout where we that well desk, if it would sprear on this picture? A That would be right over here. Here is your grill door and this dook is off here to one side, on the east wall.
 - Wear this door there? A Kear that door. There is two of them on the east wall of the bank, one is near the grill door and the other is up toward the front.
 - 4 And them do you say that you saw that man again efter you got outside? A Yes, the last I saw him was when

I got out the back door, and he was absed of me, on the edge of the strent; then I lay down after that, and he walked towards -- they walked towards Frenklin Street.

- And did you then egain have opportunity to observe hand him?
- A I didn't pay any more attention, after I got up, after 1 lay down and got up, I saw they were working toward Franklin Street; there were three of them.
- 6 Did you see that man again when you got outside?
- A He was on the sidewalk ahead of me.

(

- Q Did you see him? A I saw his back, where
- And aid you have a good opportunity to see his face outside there?
- A ho, I didn't see his face. I saw his back as they left.
- at no you recognize him to be the same man you had seen standing at that wall deak? A Yes, sir.
- 4 And you say today that man is Kr. Theodore Bents, sected et this table? A Tos, sir.
- at the county jail, did the officers show you some lictures? A Yes, they did.
- 4 And for what purpose? A ldentifying these men.
- & wid you make any identification from those pictures?
- A l did.
- those that were shown to you? A Identified this gentlem n here end his brother Ed; I always supposed it was his brother, they tell we it is his half brother.
- 4 And do you recollect about how many pictures were shown to you? A Quite a number.
- Well would you say a dozen? A Yes, I would say maybe three dozen.

1 mean all together, the pictures that were shown to you, do you know how many?

- a I wouldn't deressay positively how many, but I saw a number of different pictures, there must have been two or three dozen anyhow.
- you a book filled with pictures?
- A Yes, they had a book there with pictures in it
- So that you went through a book filled with pletures that was handed to you for that purposet A Yes, sir.
- that were not in a book? A Yes, Bir.
- Q Do you know about how long after the robbery it was that you identified these pictures as Mr. Theodore Bentz?
- A Ch I would say maybe two or three weeks, two weeks anyhow.

CHOSS ALMINATION BY MR. ARRIGIS.

- C How did you know it was the picture of Theodore Bentat
- A Soon the man, saw the man in the bank.
- 4 Hell how do you know now that the picture that you identified as being the picture of one of the robbers was the picture of Er. Bengar A How do I know now?
- 4 Yes. A By his likeness, of course.
- this man and told them that was a picture of the robber?
- A lioture -- it was his picture.
- 4 How do you know that; did they tell you that?
- A ho, they didn't tell me that; when I see a min's picture, why your picture or my picture, I know whether it is you or isn't you. I am not blind.
- They showed you a lot of pictures and you pointed to

one of them and sold "this is one of the robbers."

- a 1 picked him out as one of the man that was in our place of business.
- and you pointed to another picture and you said "this is one of the rolbers." A Tes, sir.
- out. A I haven's been able to run on to the others,
- But you now say- A The little short fellow I haven't been able to run on.
- But you now soy one of the pictures you point out is a picture of him? A Yes, sir.
- And do you remember the oscasion when a man by mame of John Denoster of Grand Rapids called at the bank some time after the robbery and talked with Er. Welling and Eiss Leschke about the bank, about the robbery? Were you there at that time? A Why Yes, I think I was, I was in the bank; he come in there at one time.
- Did you take any part in the conversation with Mr.
- A Feramelly, no.
- Q bid you hear the conversations? A I heard them talking; didn't pay any attention to it, what they had to say.
- But you never picked out Mr. DeLoster and soid he looked
 - Q You don't think he does look like one of the robbers, kr. penaster? A Ho, I wouldn't say that he does. I didn't pick him out for one of the robbers.
 - Doesn't he look like Mr. Bentz, the respondent here?
 - A No.
 - He doesn't in fact look like him at all. A i don't think he does.

- at a later occusion about this same matter with Mr.

 we coster, at which Mr. Lawrence Dellit was present?
- A No, I didn't hear the conversation.

(

- . You didn't hear that? A Mo. sir.
- About on this exhibit now, Mr. iellegrom, about how for in feet would you say it was from this desk-
- A No. sir.
- Tou were here? A I was over at this deak there.
 (Indicating)
- where you were to this vestibule door here where
 these men first came in?

MR. DETREERS: That map is drawn to scale.

()

- A The scale is right there and it will give it to you.

 It is two feet for every inch, you can figure it right

 out; don't have to do any guess-work.
- 4 Fine. Well then I guess it shows on here that 34 feet, practically, is that right, John, 3417

MR. DETHUSRS: You have got the wrong part of the rule.

MR. FARSONS: Strike that out them. (Making measurement) well between 18 and 19 feet them.

1s that right?

- A 1 would say so, yes, sir; according to the rule.
- And between you and the door as these people cime in, is some grill-work here? A There is grill-work, nothing but lattice work of the cages.
- There is lattice work or eages, whatever they are, and they intercept the line of vision between the heads

of these men as they came in and your head?

(

- A No.
- over the top of the grill work and see these men as they ears in? A look right through the grill-work.
- what I am getting at. A You look right through here,
- two men who come in, as they were going over to this tellor's window here? A Nothing more than them going up to the window.
- to the window.
- 4 And at what point in their progress was it that you first took any perticular notice of the face of the men that you now see, or Er. Craig?
- A woll when we were ordered to hold up our hands.
- Q and that was at the time when the short man --
 - A -- and Ur. Craig was at that window,
 - through the grill-work by the teller's window at which they were, is that right? A Yes, sir.
 - & And did they stand side by side at the window?
 - A Er. Graig was on the south side of him. In other words, the little short fellow stood here and Er. Graig was on this side and worked around this way.
 - When long did they stand there? A shough so they ordered us to hold up our hands.
 - In other words, they walked to that window together, and immediately upon arriving there the short man taked for some change, isn't that right? A He asked for some change.

- i, wid you hear that? A No, I didn't hear that.
- . You don't know that, only as you heard that?

6: ...

- i Only as 1 was told.
- got there you he rd somebody may "Step back, this is a hold-up!" something of that kind?
- A Yee, sir.
- and immediately after that happened then Graig then walked over to this position here near the back doors
- A Ho walked down to the savings room window there over to that desk.
- & with the side of his face toward you as he went?
- A wart way, yes, till he got down to the east side of the building, then I seen the book of his heat.

KR. DSTEKERS: I didn't got that. (enswer read)

- At that time as Craig, as the man you said was Graig, started to go away from the toller's window, had you at that time seen these other two or four man?
 - A Yes, the other two come in and went into the front office.
 - And how long did you stand there observing this short

 mon in the window and the other bandits that had

 come up there, before you were told to lay down on the

 floor? A Well it was only a matter of a few minutes,

 l imagine, after they got us all lined up and had us all

 hold up our hands, we were told to lie on the floor.
 - C It all happened with great repidity did it not?
 - With great rapidity, yes, sir,
 - How much training have you had at guessing at time or minutes when you are not looking at a watch or a pendulum, have you ever tried that? A I don't think I have had any more training than the average wan has possibly.

time that always from the time these first two men earns in, to the time you got up off the floor and were heried out of the bank?

()

- A From the time we were allowed up and the time we were herded out of the bank?
- Green A lossibly fifteen, twenty minutes, maybe twenty-
- W Did you testify at the examination on that subject?
- A 1 don't know exactly how long it was, I didn't time it,
 I don't know; I know it seemed like that (snaps fingers),
 and in and out, I meen.
- would not be fifteen, twenty, twenty-five minutes
 would it? A I don't know how long it took; I know what
 they did; they did their job and got out.
- about three minutes, did you not? A Three minutes what?
- C That this matter took, inside of the bank,

MR. DETHUSRS: What page?

- A Three minutes to hold up the tenk?
- Was. A That is an error, that is not right.
- all right, let us find it. (Looking through transcript of exemination)
- A They spent more than three minutes there.
 - about three minutes after the first two men cometo the teller's window, it was about three minutes from the time they came in before you were ordered to lay on the floor. Is that about right? Rage 15.
 - A Hall I imagine that is about right; I would say it was, yes.

tight have been even less than that?

6.

- A That might have been a little longer.
- . But it was just a short time? A Tes, sir.
- to walk over to this window and call on Mr. Welling to step back, walk over hors, this one walked over here, and immediately after that you were told to lie on the floor. A well the other two fellows walked to the front office or same around, they got in back there protty close to where I was.
- between there, the others went right in there.

 (indicating on chart)
- wall desk where I indicate, how long was that before you were told to lie on the floor? Al-ost immediately after he got there were you told to lie on the floor?
- A after he got over there -- we were told to hold up our hands, we were all holding our hands up, and after that all they said, they told us to lay on the ground, or made us come around in back here and lay on the floor.
- to this position over here, did it not?
- A Yes, sir, or shortly after that.
- observing the man who stood where leoples' Exhibit S
 shows the teller's winlow, were you looking at him?
- A I was watching bothom them to the best of my sdvantage.
- How far apart would you say they were after that man got to his station back here? A what distance, do you mean?

- abort fellow that stood at the teller's window to this desk over here at that desk?
- A Messure it; you have got a rule.
- LR. Datemins; Tes.
- And at the same time this man first arrived here eighteen or nineteen feet from this teller's window, where were poyle and the other robber? A Doyle went into the front office.
- How far would be be from this desk you were at at that time! A Doyle?
- 4 Tes. A 1 am not guessing. You can measure it.
- whereabouts would that be, just show us here.
- A There is the deak where Mr. Bolt was stunding near the telephone, right here.
- That is where boyle west A boyle came in and held him up, told him to stick them up. An inch represents two feat.
- 4 John (Er. Dethmers), said one foot. A well those are half inches.
- well then we it a minute. Are we right about this distance over here?

MR. DETHEMAS: One inch is two feet, but this is one inch, two of those marks.

- Then we weren't correct here. Oh yes, that is right.
- A Right in here is the desk. Here is where he was standing

holding up Bolt, right down here; here is a sage where Mr. Lindomulder was, and I was right here.

(; .

- bero deak, working. I was right in line with this man's gun here, this man had me covered there; he had welling covered at the same time,
- Land these men over hore, you had gotten a pretty good; look at them so you feel you could identify both of them if you saw them again, at the same time you got a similar look at this man over here, is that right?
- A 1 con identify -- well poyle is one of them and 24

 Bentz is the other. 1 con identify 24 Bentz if 1 ever

 see him, yes.
- with Doyle.
- How long did he stand there before you got a good look at him, before they told you to get on the floor?
- A Ho didn't stand there very long. I was down here,
 Loyle was in here first; Doyle was in here the first
 thing I knew I was looking at the top of a machine
 gum, I saw the gum; he got around in the case.
- man come over here again until you saw him outside?
- A 1 didn't see him again until I sew him outside.
- 4 And then you say you saw the back of his head?
- A Just the back of his heed as he was welking around, going out with the crowd. There was quite a crowd of a people in there.
- You never had seen this respondent you now identify, or any of them, before in your life, had you, so far as you know? A Not to my knowledge.
- and if Mr. Craig or Mr. Bentz was the man, after you

saw him in the bank robbery, you didn't see him upain until you saw him here in jail? A Ko, 1 didn't see him since he left the bank, 1 didn't see him until he was prested, and come up and identified him in the jail out of a bunch of maybe seven or eight others.

A Before you identified him had you seen a pisture in the paper of the man they had arrested?

- A been a picture in the paper -- 1 don't know as I have. I had so m a picture, we identified him, we picked him out, the man we wanted, the man we had in our bank.
- Before you identified him at the jail or identified his picture, had you seen in the paper any photograph that purported to be a photograph of the man they had arrested? A I don't recall.
- This man that you now identify to be Mr. Craig here,
 do you know whether he stopped at the savings teller's
 window too? A Savings teller's window?
- 4 Yes. A No; no he welked right over to the east well; he walked down that way, but he kind of walked over to the east wall. Hiss Esschke was right in front of the grill.
- Q who was at the savings teller's window?
- A There was nobody at the savings teller's window.

 Miss Keschke is the savings teller but she didn't
 happen to be there.
- Do you know who instructed all to lie on the floor?
- A Yes, this men, Mr. Craig.
- This man here is the man you say who made all lie down on the floor? A Yes, sir.

he left this point here and went here. How where is the savings teller's window from here; that is the place you saw him. A here is the savings teller's window, over in here. He walked down this way, come over here, stood over here. I wouldn't say whether, just how many fest or anything, but he wolked over here and he had a gun.

- floor, is that right? A she was not in there, she happened to be inside in front of the woult door, just inside of that grill.
- " He didn't go inside here at all that you saw, did he?
- A lio, he didn't go in.
- 4 Did he give here an order from this point here to lie down on the floor? A From which point?
- was he ordered her to lie down; when he ordered her to lie down he made her lie down right there inside of the grill.
- be hed a gum, that is all I do know.
- describe to anybody the bendits, for anybody?
- A Did I describe the what?
- them after the robbery? A Oh, I don't know as I did,
 I can't recall.
- wore you interviewed by representatives of the public press and asked to describe the robbers?
- A I don't recall whether I was or not. There was planty

of news, per second around there taking pictures, if that is what you refer to.

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- who you know whether any of them asked you to describe the robbers? A At that time when it happened?
- y Yes. A No, I don't think they did, we hear't gotten settled down yet.
- the last you saw of the respondent was as he was going away? A Yes, sir; walking tow rd Franklin Street.
- walking along pretty lively; I don't recoll them really running.
- where was the one you describe as 3d Bentz?
- A sd Bentz?
- C Yes. A At what time?
- 4 At the time that you last saw the respondent.
- \$25 cow orodu A
- We wish the gong; he must have been one of the three that that was with the gong, going toward Frenklin.
- and was that the same time that Doyle was being ouptured? A Well they were ahead of Doyle.
- C They were all shead of Doyle? A Doyle was the last one, and-
- you didn't see the other bandits, other two bendits at all then did you, is that right?
- A After the last time I saw him?
- . Yes, he was the last one you saw? A He was the

last one I paid any attention to shed of me, yes; I know the other two was out.

MR. FallsOMS: 1 think that is all.

- is virgor desimation by Mr. Defenders:
- resples' exhibit 3, and will you indicate on that picture about where Mister-as you call him Mr. Craig, was standing as he ordered Miss Meschke to lie down?
- A Well he stood right -- he was right in here. There is an alleyway and he could have guarded that alleyway.
- Northe wall desk? A Bear the wall desk, nerr the desk that stood near that door.
- here (indicating on picture), and when we were ordered cown she lay down just inside the grill. We were told to lie fice down.
- Before you lay down on the floor these two men that
 onne into the entrance, did they come into this
 room where you were? A Oh yes.
- the one you call 2d Bentz? A Doyle some and 31 Bentz, yes, sir.
- 4 Came into this room, but you were laying on the floor?
- A woll one of them did. It was ad that came in, and
 it was one of them came in here, stood with a machine
 gum, I am protty sure, because we were ordered to lay
 down on the floor. I lay down there, (indicating).
 - where was Id Bentz when you saw him? A The last time I saw him he had gone to lock the back door, I think that is what he did, because from there he went back into the wault.

where you were working? A I saw him walking up and down in here (indicating), I saw him—the best look
I has at him was when he was going along in here.

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- . Toward the wault? A Ro he was malking this may.
- Q Towird the rear directors' room?
- A foward the rear directors' room to look that back door,
- tart of the time in answering questions you referred to
 Theolore Sentz and then in response to questions by
 Mr. rareons you called him Theodore Graig. In both
 instances you were referring to the same person, were
 you not? A They are the same person. We identified
 these fellows always supposing their names were Sentz
 and beatz brothers, found out afterwards they go by
 the name of Graig. I don't know how many more names
 they have.
- what both times you were referring to this man here?
- A To this man here.

VR. DETHNIERS: That is all.

RE CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. LARSONS:

- es Er. Craig or Bentz, how was he dressed on that occasion? A Had on a sort of gray suit, wore a white straw hat.
- Glasses? A Eo glasses to my knowledge.
- About how tall was he? About how tall do you think he is? A Sir?
- Q about how tall?

MR. DJFHRERS: He is a little hard of hearing.

- w About how toll would you say he was?
- A well about as tall as I am I guess; I am five ten, five eleven.

stuyed there at the window? A He was taller than the little fellow, yes, he was.

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ER. DETHERRY That is all.

MISS MARKER MASCREE, being first duly swom by the Clerk, testified as follows:

DIRECT ELEVIE TION BY MR. DETRESS:

- Whiss Meachke, you are employed at the Fedgles Savings Bank in Grand Haven? A Yes, I em.
- 4 And you were on the 18th day of August, last year?
- A Yes, I was.
- what is your depacity in that bank? A I am sevings teller,
- . And you were on this 18th day of August? A 1 was.
- were you working in that bank that particular day?
- 4 Yes, 1 was,
- and were you present at the time during which Mr.
 lellegrom has testified when certain bandits entered
 the bank? A I was.
- walked over post the deposit tickets on the spindle.
- You were walking in the alleyway here? A Yes, mir.
- I got just about up to where this mon came rushing in with a gun, pointed it at me.
- where was this men when you first saw him?
- a fust coming running up here.

what was he doing? A well Mr. Doyle had him by the arm, Mr. woyle had a pistol he was pointing across the street to the McGlellan store.

(3)

- Where is the McClellan store from here? A West.
- Right across from here? (indicating on chart)

- A Yes, right across from this entrance you go into the McClellan store,
- Then what did you see happen? A Then Bolt and Doyle started to tussel, and the next thing they were down on the ground and by the time I was up well over here, Mr Bolt was there, we were --
- That is in the rear of the bank? A No, that yes, the rear of the bank, they were over on the lawn, they got over on the lawn in the back of the bank at that time.
- That is, off the length of the sidewalk here, to the east of the sidewalk.
- the souffle came about? A They went towards Franklin street, they went towards Franklin Street.
- Windows were they when the scuffle started between Mr. Bolt and Mr. Doyle? A They were aboud, they left and they got should of Mr. Doyle and Mr. Bolt; Mr. Bolt and Mr. Doyle were the last ones in there.
 - 1 in evidence?

MR. DATHERARS: I was going to offer it, yes.

MR. PARSONS: No objection,

THE COURT: All right; received.

(Axhibits marked recules' Exhibits 2 and 5)

l show you here a picture marked reoples' Exhibit 2,

Going in this direction down toward here? A Yes, sir.

- . Than you were over here? (Indications on exhibits.)
- A Yes, sir, right there.

- I show you here recules' exhibit 5, and ask you if you can show on this picture where you were at that time?
- A Right here.
- Just about where you are shown in this picture?
- A Yes, sir, right there.
- and this man was coming right toward you? A Uh, buh.
- and past the cage in there? A sest the window,
- And then as he came toward you he pointed a gun at you, what happened next?
- A 1 saw him coming and he said "stay right where you are, don't move; if you do 1 will shoot, if you attempt to press any button I will shoot," and he told me to lip down and I did.
- was here, but I imagine he wilked over to this place.
- W You didn't see him go over to that place?
- A No, because I was down on the floor.
- La he the one that ordered you to lie down? A Yes, he did.
- And then you did lie down on the floor there?
- A Yes, 1 did.
 - 4 And do you know what happened after that?
 - A No, I don't, I don't know what happened; I heard a scuffle.
 - Weren't you peaking? A No, 1 didn't look at all.
 - Then what is the next thing that happened that you know about?

- After they had t ken money and things they wented,
 the recons of the bandits say " get the girls, where
 ere the girls," then the other one said " get all of
 them out," so we were all ordered up off the floor
 and went and filed out the back door.
- That is, you went from where you were lying, in which way? A might this may tow mi the back door.
- the bank, in care of these rothers? A Yes.
- Then you all went out of the back door?
- A Yes, I didn't go outside.
- what did you do? A There was one bandit in front of me and one in back of me. I was the last one out. I would have been the last one out, except for the one behind; there was a lot of shooting going on outside, and this bandit just kept right along, told me to go out, I stapped back of the door, going out.
- & Right back of that door? A Right back of that door.
- that doors A Yes, sir, as I was going out.
- w You stayed there until it was all over?
- A Until it was all over.
- at you, did you have an opportunity to observe him?
- A Yes, 1 did.
- Look at him? A Yes, I did.
- And have you seen that man since? A Yes, I have.
- is where did you next see him? A Well I make picture of him first, and after that we may him at the county jail.
- We have long after the robbery was it you saw a picture of him? A limmgine about two weeks afterwards.

- East did you come to see his picture? A we were shown any number of pictures to splect from.
- there were three or four books of them.
- Books? A because they were large books that we went through and also such pictures in groups that came in from time to time.
- & Bow many pictures would you say in all you looked over?
- A 1 looked over I inagine a hundred or more.
- and then you selected a picture as being the picture of the man that rushed towned your A Yes, sir.
- and when did you first see that man after the robberg?
- A In the county jail.
- and when did you next see him? A This morning.
- w Do you see him here totay? A Yes, sire
- where is he? A dested over there at the desk.
- Nou refer to Mr. Theodore Bentz seated at the table here? A Yes, sir.
- a gun? A Yes, I am sure.
- L is there any doubt stout it? A No.
- w are you positive? A Yes, 1 em.

RR. DATEMERS: You may take the witness.

CROSS EXAMINATION BY AM. PARSOES: 200

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- When you first sew this man coming toward you, Miss Meschke, how far away do you think he was?
- A well he came rushing toward the grill and I was just inside the grill, he pointed this gun at me right through the grill.
- He stopped there then, at the window right in front of the grill? A Yes.

- the window? A well I wouldn't say he stuck it through, but he pointed it right at me, so he could very nicely have, if he wanted to.
- Where you are," whatever you have testified? A. Yes.
- Low long after he said that to you was it before you lay down on the floor? A I lay down immediately when he told me that.
- so that your observation of him consisted of no more than that he came rushing up to the grill, threatened you with a gun, ordered you to lie down, and you obeyed impediately? A That is right.
- 4 and you never saw him before? A Mo, not that I know of.
- Q and you never saw him again unless this is the ment
- A That is right.
- C pld you son any of the other bandits there?
- .tcn blù l .cx A
- This is the only one that you would undertake to identify? A That is right.
- then you lay down on the floor he was real close to the grill window? That is right up to the window, that is the last you now him?
- A That is the last I saw of him.
- over to the well desk, the desk on the east well?
- A It is not very far; I imagine from what I learn, he moved over there just a little bit to guard the others and get a better look at the rest of the bank.
- That happened after you lay on the floor? A Yes, that is right.

- bo you remember a time when John DeKoster some in the bank, after this rotberg? A I do.
- Lo you remarker the conversation that was had with John DeLoster about this robbery, after the robbery? A Yes.
- ls it a fact that you were of the opinion that Mr. John
 Demoster looked like this particular robber who extered for
 you to lie down behind the window? A No, that is not right.
- he looked like one of the robbers? A He looked like one of the ones that came in, the first two, Mr. Bents and another one, and he was surposed to have resembled the other one that come in.
- Well you didn't see only one of those robbers, so you orn't tell what he looked like? A No, I didn't know what he looked like.
- w That was the only one you saw, just one. A Just one.
- and whether or not Mr. Dehoster looked like any of the other robbers you wouldn't be the to say? A Ho, sir.
- and if you thought from your own knowledge that he looked like any of the other robbers, it would have to be the one that stopped at your window? A Yes, sir.
- Lut you say now you never claimed to Er. Deloster or enybody that he looked like this robber you saw? A Rever.
- and talked with Mr. pekoster about his resembling one of the robbers? A I remember Mr. Dewitt teing there, but I don't believe I was in on the emveration.
- And you never was in on or heard any conversation at which anybody in the bank told Mr. Dekoster that he looked like the robber? A l heard them talk about it, and talking about that he resembled one of the bandits that same in first.

- but that conversation as you remember it, had no relation to the resumblance to the one that was identified this last time? A Not at all.
- beditt and Mr. Dehoster and the others so as to know just what it was? A No. I did not.
- any one else had previously also identified the picture in question? A Tou want to know whether any one had?
- C Yes, A Lefore 1 414?
- we woron't together when we plaked it out, the one that we thought was the one.
- & Did they have names under them, on the pictures?
- A Ro.
- & Just the picture? A Just the picture.
- your identification? A They were all present.
- They were all present; that is, you made your identification in the presence of Kr. rellegrom and Mr. Welling?
- A 1 looked over the pictures and picked out one that 1 thought was the man.
- there at that time when you did that? A Yes, they were there in the bank at the time.
- L bid they also make their identification at the same time?
- A I believe they did.
- 4 You all made the identification at the same time?
- A Not at the some time, because we each --
- On the same occasion? A On the same occasion.
- which was present when the other made the identification?
- A Yes.

MR. PARSONS: I think that is all.

AS DIRECT ACCURATION BY ER. DEPRMARS:

- ...hon you made that identifiestion, witness, would each one see which one the other person pointed set or picked out? A No, sir.
- lisw was it done? A we wore just shown the pictures, the officers were there, and at last I showed them which one I thought to be the man, and the rest would likewise; they all had a chance to see them separately.
- w what do you meen by that?
- A we didn't all look at them in one group; we weren't just standing there saying 'this is such and such man," whatever it would be; I picked out the man I thought was the one, and after I picked it out the others picked it out also.
- and before Mr. Fellogrom and Mr. Welling picked out the
- Cr before you picked it out did yousee who Er. Welling or Er. Wellegrom picked out?
- A I don't believe so, we, after we had all selected ours, we of course knew it was the same man, each one picked the same one.
- when did you find that out, after you had picked your man out, or did you know before hand which one they had picked out? A No, I didn't know which one they had picked out.
- And when they selected one, did they know which one you had picked out? A Bot that I know of.
- here is the only rebber you saw well enough to identify?
- A That is right.
- what the same time you enswered Mr. larsons that you know that this little man came in, the min they claim was with

Mr. Bentz, who is supposed to rescable Mr. Dekoster?

- A limit is what I heard the others, they were talking about him and sold be resembled Mr. Delioster.
- that Mr. Demoster been soming in the bank at stated intervals before the robberg? A Yes, sire
- shot did he come in for? A l believe he is a steples
- to In other words, Mr. Dekoster is a men that came in the bank every once in a while? A Yes, sir.
- And the conversation in the bank was that one of these robbers resembled Er. Demoster? A That was all there was to it.
- that Mr. Deloster was one of them? A Mo.
- L Just that one resembled him? A Just that one resembled him, just in an off-hand way.
- who ordered you to lie down looked like Kr. DeLoster?
- A Rever.
- of you through the grill window. Is there any grill window there where you stood? A Ho, it ween't through the grill, it was just through these bors.
- apart so you can get a good look.
- A Are those bars for enough apart so you can stick a hand through? A Tos, sir.
- And it was through that you saw Mr. Bentz? A Yes, sir, MR. DETHMERS: That is all.

 MR. PARSONS: That is all.

The Count: I will say to the jury you should not discuss the case with anybody; better not discuss any matter with anybody during the noon hour, not telk with anybody about the case at all. We will take a recess until 1:30.

AFTERNOOM'S PROCESULEGE

Arthur welling, being first duly swom by the Clerk, testified as follows:

DIRECT REAVINATION BY MR. DETRUCES:

- Er Welling, on the 16th day of August, last year, were you employed in the reoples Savings Bank, Grand Raven, Michigan?
- A 1 was ...
- What was your official caracity in that bank?
- A 1 was commercial teller.
- and were you in the tank on that particular day? And were
- A lwas.
- I show you here reoples' axhibit 1, and ask you, do you recognize this as a floor plan of the bank in which you were employed? A I do.
- a will you state to the jury and indicate on this map at which window you were located as such teller?
- A This window.
- Q' and were you located at that window shortly before closing time on that particular day? A I was,
- And them what if anything occurred? A Shortly before closing time two men entered the bank and come up to my window, and one of these men asked for some change, and when they asked for the change.
- . Speak up louder. A fine of these man asked for some change, and when he asked for change I gave him two dollars

in niekels and then when he wented two dollars in dimes, and i started to work out the dimes, and all to once he said "back up."

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- . That if emithing was he doing when he said that?
- A llooked up and there was a gun, I was looking into the hole of a gun.
- he alone? A he come in with another man.
- wild they both come up to your window? A Yes.
- Then when he asked for change do you know what the two mended did from then on? A When they came up, these two mendes up together and when he asked for this change this second mended anickered and started to move on down the loboy.
- . Did you hear him anicker? A Yes.

Then will you indicate where you saw him go, what course you saw him take? A I didn't follow him toyond-he was right here when I saw him, and I didn't follow him down.

THE COURT: In was right where?

- A These two men came in together, and-
- This is your window hare? A Yes; then the shorter man was on the left.
- That is, on whose left? I On my left, and the teller man was on the right, and the teller man started to move on down the lobby and as soon as I started to give this shorter man the change—
- well did this man that leter moved down the lobby, did he ster up to your window at all with the short men?
- A Tes, he come up to the window with the short min and hesitated while the short min asked me for change.
- Whom you may that this short man first asked you for two

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- . And you gave him that? A Tes, sir.
- . Then he asked for change in dimes? A Yes, sir.
- wand at what point in that proceeding would you say that it was the teller man left your window?
- A well it was while I was working I was working on the machine to get the dimes out.
- . I forgot which he asked for first. A Rickels.
- & You had already given him the nickels? A Yes, sir.
- then it was while you were working the machine for the dimes that this teller men left the window? A Tes, sir.
- Uid you have occasion to observe this teller man at that time? A l did.
- Q As he left your window you say you didn't watch just where he went at that time? A Ho.
- w bid you have occasion to see him after that again?
- A I saw him later when I went into the wault.
- happened? A Tall before the shorter man pointed the gun at you, what happened? A Tall before the shorter man pointed his gun I was-- I didn't know him, and the fact that the party with him smickered and moved on down the lobby made me somewhat suspicious, and I just put my foot up hear the plant ball, and then when the short man said "back up," I looked up and saw a gun and kicked on the alarm and backed up.
- 4 You set off the clarm with your foot at that time, is that right? 4 Yes, sir.
- Then when you backed up what happened next? A dell this man just kept saying "back up, back up, and anybody that touches a button lill plug --- when I went back, when I recalled the back of my cage, I noticed everybody also going on the floor, and I did too.

- and when you reached the joint where you got to lie down on the floor, was this short man still on the other side of your windows
- A No, he come around the rear of my eage.

- of the man who tried to pull me off the floor and make me.
- That was this short follow who pointed the gum at you?
- A Tos, sir.
- Then after you lay down on the floor what happened? Did
 you see anybody take any money or anything? A well afteras soon as I got-went on the floor, I lifted my head
 and watched two of the other men and they had gone—they
 had gone on beyond and gone to the back door.
- you back up? A 1 backed up directly to there and lay on the floor here.
- there was a man lying here, and they jumped over him and they want back to this back door.
- That is, that would be down there at the directors' room?
- Ä Tas.
- had pointed a gun at you? A No. two different men.
- you remember? A As I remember, they asked for the eashier and they took me for the eashier, and the two, the shorter man and one other man came up there, one from behind and one from in front and storted to pulling me off the floor, and they asked "are you the eashier?" I said "no." and Er. Bolt we on the floor there also and he said "I am

the cachier," and they put me down again.

- a so they let you down again; then what happened mext?
- a well Mr. Bolt had gone into the woult and shortly
 ofter he come out of the woult with these sen who had
 taken him into the woult and they asked for Welling,
 and when they asked for me I started to get off the
 floor, and one of the men stepped up to me and pulled me
 off the floor.
- stepped up to your window with the short man? A Yes.

 That was at the time I was wilking to the wallt.
- & 30 you got up from a point up here where you were lying?
- A Tos, sir.
- walked over toward the woult door? A Yes, sir.
- the window? A He was standing in here.
- a inside of the iron reiling? A inside of the iron railing.
- what was he doing, if you remember?
- A Just stending there with a gun to keep me from going on by the weult.
- Then did you go in the wault? A Yes.
- Then after that did you again see this man who was standing here and who had formerly teem at your window?
- A Ko, 1 didn't.
- window-- A Yes.
- inside the vault? A Yes.
- Then did you emerge out of the bank with some of the other employees? A Yes, sir.

- which you have occusion either during the time you were which out of the bank or ofter you got outside, to see that particular man again? A ho.
- when you got in the weult what did you do?
- when I got into the woult I went to the safe and started to run the combination, and I knew that the alarm was already in, and this man said "hurry up," and when he said "hurry up," I was just about ready to open the combination, and It occurred to me that it would be wise to stall, so I went on by the combination and I told him I missed it, and he put a gum at my side and said "well burry up," and I swing over the combination again and opened it up.
- when you set off this alarm, was there enything that sould be haurd inside of the bank? A These men were talking or commanding us so loud so it is very likely they didn't hear it.
- or outside of the building? A it doesn't set off any bells near the building, it sets off the slarms in the building, next door and in the police station.
- or whitever it was with your foot, it didn't create some sound inside the b nk that become noticeable there?
- A Ko, sir. :
- Q Then after you opened the safe what happened?
- A well as soon as I had opened the sofe this mon that had me there inside he said to the fellows outside "take ears of this man."
- White did he get the money? A Well he stuyed inside, and escarted me to the door of the wault.
- when you opened the safe did he take out the money?

- what then? A He just told me to get away.
- while you see any money taken out of the mafe?
- A No. 1 dian't.
- You didn't see him take the money out?
- A 1 just opened the safe and left.
- then what did you hear somebody say? A He said sake ours of this man when I same out.
- Q Did you see anything token from the bank that day, either in paper or money or bonds, travelers' checks?
- A Ko, I didn't.
- your window with the short fellow and then go on toward the back of the lobby, and whom you claim you later saw standing here inside of the grill at the time you were going into the wault, have you ever seen that man since that day? A Yos, I have.
- when did you next see him? A I saw him the maxt time at the county jail.
- And have you seen him since them? A Yes, I have.
- . Then aid you next see him? A I saw him this morning.
- And have you seen him since this morning? A Yes, I have.
- 🔪 Lo you see him now? 🔺 Yes, 1 do. 🐇
- L There is he? A Sitting next to Mr. Parsons.
- w are you positive that is the same man? A I am.
- Q Do you have any doubt in your mind? A Not at all:
- Q Are you convinced beyond all doubt that is the same many
- A Yes, lam.
- Craig? A lam.
- L Did you have some pictures submitted to you by the

officials for the purpose of examination?

- A Yes, we had numbers of pictures.
- those submitted to your A Yes, I did.
- that was to you about how long after the robber that was
- A I would say within two weaks.
- to you in all? A To had books of them and them from time to time they brought in, there might have been a dozen or two in a lot.
- Enw many plotures did you select? A Two.
- Two. And was one of those pictures the picture of the man whom you now bolieve to be Bentz? A It was.
- And was kiss keachke and Er. rellagrom present when you picked out Er. Bentz' picture? A No, they weren't. They were all in the bank at the time, but they weren't with me while I was looking over the pictures.
- will you soo them pick out any pictures?
- A No. 1 didn't.
- well when you picked out this licture you claim is Mr.

 Leatz, had you been informed that picture had been selected

 by enyone else? A No. 1 had not.
- L bid the officers suggest that picture to you? A Ho.
- L bid they suggest any picture to your A Ro, they didn't.
- And did you pick that ploture out of the first batch of pictures that were submitted to you?
- A They had already submitted a number of pictures before.
- Light to that you hadn't identified any one? A Eo.
- And what other picture did you pick out? A Of Rd bents.
- . Tho? A dd bentz.
- Tou haven't seen pictures of any others that you have identified so fer? A No.

- where either of those pictures suggested to you by any person? A Eo, they weren't.
- Tou picked them solely on the basis of your recollection of what you had seen on the day of the robbery? A Yes,
- and you may you saw Mr. Sentz next in the county jail?
- aid you see him on that day in a line up?
 - C Do you recember shout how many were in that line-ap?
 - A I think there were eight or mine, I am not positive as to the number.
 - We have did the rest of them in that line-up compare with Mr. Bentz, in build or size? A They were much the same build.
 - was it a line-up composed of men of about the same build?
- A Tes, sir. and did you select from that line-up one whom you claimed was one of the bank robbers? A Tes, sir.
 - who did you select? A Ris name at the time was Thompson, from Detroit, Mr. Bentz.
 - as that his neme? A It was under the alias of Thompson.
 - that was the name given to you? A Tes, sir.
 - G was that this same Mr. Bentz? A Yes, sir.
 - when you selected him did you know in advence that he had beam selected by others? A No. sir.
 - and did you have any difficulty in selecting him out of thet line-up?
 - Did you recognize him at all? & Tes.
 - W Did I understand you to suy you had already stuck your foot under that alarm proposition before the gum was pointed at you? A Yes.
 - . So you were all propered for that? A Tem, mir.
 - or was that solely because of the circumstance of this man snickering and their sttitude that you did that?

- Yos, the fact that I didn't know either man and their actions were suspicious.
- . After that you had opportunity to observe them further?
- a Tes.

MR. DSTEMBER: You may take the witness.

CROSS BEAMINATION BY MR. PARROES.

- stepped at your window? A They had business suits on; I didn't take any particular notice of their dress except that they had business suits on, and one man had a distinctive way of wearing a strew het.
- which man had on a strew het? A The little man.
- the little man. A Yes
- whit kind of hat did the other have on? A 1 don't know.
- L You are sure that one of them had a str.w hat? A Yes.
 - and that was the little one? A Yes.
 - Lr. Bentz, what kind of hat he had on you don't remember?
 - A Ro.
 - & You didn't notice at that time? A Ro. ..
 - Lut they didn't both have on a straw het? A 1 don't remember.
 - could you identify the small man if you saw him egain, do you think? A 1 think 1 could.
 - what color suit did the taller of the two men have on?
 - A 1 con't remember.
 - Classes? A Ec.
 - . Jhat? A ho.
 - which are the time you identified this man, this respondent, in the line-up, had you already seen pictures of him in the

news; opers with his name and so on as having been arrested charged with this robbery? (question read)

- A From that, Mr. rarsons, do you mean that when I saw Mr.
 Bentz in the line-up I had som pictures of him before in
 the nowspapers?
- Q Yes. A Surely, there were pletures in the newspaper that
 I had seen after our identification, two weaks after the
 Pobbery.
- Labout two weeks after the robbery you had identified from some books, a picture of this man? A Tes.
- . Then were those the pictures that you sow in the newspaper?
- A What do you mean by "those".

- La lictures, copies of the one you had identified? A Yes, sir.
- t They were the ones that were published?
- A Yes, copies of the ones that we identified.
- stand at the window there while you were counting out these nickels? A Yes.
- And you were not poying any particular attention, or ere you paying particular attention to either of them while you were counting out mickels? A Yes, I paid particular attention when they both walked up to the window.
- 4 You saw two of them? A 1 saw two of them.
- c But your attention of course was really directed to getting the right number of nickels in the machine there?
- A They come in bundles.
- Lundles? A Yes.
- and how long did the men stand there, just while you were counting nickels? A Yes, sir, just while I was counting nickels and started working on the dimes.

- , You had more than one dollar's worth of mickels in the roll? A Two dollars.
- Ann you had to break a roll open? A Yes, eig.
- Then how much of an operation is it to count these nickels out? A To pick thou out of the tray and head thou over
- That is all? A Tes.

- And you handed them all over them yoursolf without opening them up? A Yes, sir.
- 4 And that is what you meen? A Tes.
- . And while you were doing that this toll non stood there and-
- A and mickered.
- were reaching for the dines, he started walking away?
- A Yes.
- and then at that time the man in front of the window, the short man, confronted you with a gun? A I took the direct out of the changer, and put them on the counter, as we count them because they care loose, and when I had my head down them he pulled the gun on me.
- w uld you see the other two bandits there at that time?
- A The other two that went through the office?
- Yes. A I didn't see them at that time.
- You saw them during the progress of the hold-up?
- A Yes.
- and did you soo the man that you identified as &d Bentat
- A Yes.
- Tou think you would identify him if you saw him?
- A l could.
- was he larger and taller than the other bandite or not?
- A He was.

Linger and taller than this respondent? A a little.

()

- who snickered and walked away; that was about the time
 you were working on these dimes; how far had you gotten
 with the dime business when he did that?
- A When he left?
- Yes. A Just during the operation.

(

- visible, did you witch him as he walked away or were you witching the one in front of you? A I was witching the dimes.
- Tou wasn't watching him after that? A Ho.
- him behind the grill work, is that right? A Yes.
- Which is a standard of the walt has the country of the was standing just beyond the walt.
- L Inside? A Inside.
- w what loing? A Standing there with a gun, apparently to keep mo from going beyond the wault.
- C bid he say anything to you? A Es.
- Tou to him? A No.
- You walked cast him? A No, I didn't walk past him; I walked into the wault.

MR. DZTHKIRS: Let me ask for verification; when you may inside, what do you meen?

MR. PARROES: I mean inside, there is a grill that separates the part the public is admitted to and the part that the public is not admitted to. He was inside the place where the public is not supposed to go, is the right, and he got through there by going through the door in the corner of the railings?

- A 1 don't know how he got in, he might have got in that way.
- That is you didn't see him get in, but you saw him in there? A Yes, sir.
- Enw close were you to him? A I would say within about air feat.
- Land your attention them was directed to getting in the would? A Tes, sir.
- L And who was accommonying you there of the bandits, these other two that had come int A One of the other two.
- L was Ed Bentz one of them? A Yes, sir.
- What about this non Doyle, where was he?
- A Loyle, I think was at the back door.
- Then when was the last time you saw the man you now identify as the respondent, where was he then when you last saw him? A tround the woult when I went into the want.
- . Tou didn't see him again? A Ro.
- wild you didn't see him age in until you saw him in the county jail? A No.
- C Your answer is "no"? A "No", yes,
- Weachke, you have talked over and discussed this identification some before the trial of this case, have you not? A we haven't talked, by that do you much that we have just talked over?
- You have discussed your identification, and whether you were mistaken about it or not and how sure you were of it

and so on, among your selves?

- . When we left the jail at that time we were told mot to talk to anybody, sersonally I haven't.
- Tou don't mean to tell me you never have discussed it after that, you never discussed this identification with Kr. Follogrom or Kiss Keschke or anybody else?
- A lio, 1 haven's.
- . Mover have talked it over at all? A Mo.
- w herer have talked with anybody there in the bank as to the possibility as to whether you might be mistaken or how sure you were? A Me.
- Liever tolked that over at all; and haven't talked at all with the officers or with anybody?
- A The officers asked us at the time and they come down loter and asked as about it and we told them.
- what is his name, Delicator, came into the bank? A Tes.
- That is after the robberg? A Yes.
- 4 and about how long after the robbery did you have any talk with Mr. Dakoster, if at all, about this robbery? -
- A 1 wouldn't be cortain about the time: he comes in from time to time.
- w And you made the statement, did you, that he looked like one of the robbers? A Yes, sir.
- And like which one of the robbers did you think he looked? A Like this shorter man.
- Q Like the shorter man that was with Mr. Craig. as you say? A Yes, sir.
- Like this shorter of the two that came up to your window? A Yes, sir.
- and that would have to be--- that would be ad Bentz?

- Twomit tomb uct exam erodw num a ed blucw tent
- A Yas.
- and it isn't a fact then that you at tad to him that he looked like the respondent here? A so.
- And your testimony is now that you never said to him or anybody that he looked like the man you had picked out?
- A Es.
- at him, did you not, the Chief of rolles did some down?
- A I saw the Chief of tolice; they come down there to get an idea of what kind of a man we were looking for.
- And the resemblance between Mr. DeMoster and this other bandit, the shorter of the two men, was quite a striking resemblance was it? A Yes, Escially especially.
- L Pacial resomblance was very striking? A Tes.
- window say enything or make any sound except this snicker that you testified to, say enything at all?
- A At the time he was at my window?
- & Yes. A No.
- Lid you notice where he went, where he stopped when he left your window? A would down the lobby, I couldn't tell where he went.
- W You don't know where he went? A Ko.
- 4 Did you hear him say anything to Eiss Hoschket
- A would plug anybody that would touch the button.
- . You heard that said? A Yes.
- 🐛 But could you see the savings window from where you were?
- A No, sir.

" MR. PARJONS: I think that is all.

AS LIGGOT ELGIBETICS BY MR. DETENDED:

- as to this short man that was at your window, in your opinion does he resemble behoster in height? A No, he is probably a little taller than the short man,
- what? A Er. Deloster is quite a bit taller.
- Wr. Demoster is teller than the short mant
- A Yes, he is bigger.
- occurred? A Yes, sir.
- which is the tire these two men and especially this short men stood in front of your window, what if the time nothing occurred to you? A At the time nothing occurred to me except that when he told me to hak up, his facial expression made me think of Mr. Dekoster, resembled it.
- Lr. Deloster was somebody you already knew them?
- A Yes, sir.
- Lr. Poloster you thought he was one of the bank robbers?
- A I told him that he resembled one of the bank robbers, yes, knew Er. Delioster personally.
- Cold you ever think Er. Delioster was one of the bank robbers? A No.
- of Er. Fentz here that he was one of them? A No.
- That Bentz was one of them? A No. 1 signific
- as being a picture of the short man in front of your window? A No. I haven't.
- who was it this told you at a certain time not to talk to anybody about this case? A At the time when we left

the jail they told us not to talk to enybody.

(

- Uldn't 1 come to see you at the bank one time and tell you that toot A Tes, sir.
- . and wear't that just shortly after the bank robbery?
- A shortly after the bank robbery, or after the alignment-
- I mean that was shortly after the line-up, you mean?
- to the bank and talk to you then?
- A i think you have the bank robbery and the time we looked this man over here in jail mixed, up, haven't you?
- C at any rate I did tell you one time not to discuss this with the people didn't I. A Yes.
- at any rate you saw four men come into the bank, is that correct? A I didn't sen them all come in, I saw them after that.
- L l mo n you saw four in there all together?
- A Yes.
- Land you have identified one of them as Er. Theodore Bentz? A Yes, sir.
- And you have identified one from the picture as being Kr.
 ad heutz? A Yes, siri he was the man that took me into
 the wallt.
- and you saw and recognized Mr. Doyle? A Yes.
- The fourth one is which one of those men? A Is the short man that came up to my window.
- & You don't know yet who he was? A So.
- & But his facial appoarance resembled somewhat Mr. Delicator?
- A Yes.

MR. DAPHERRS: 1 think that is all.

- RE CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. PARSONS:
- w bid the officers at any time tall you, any of the

officers, the sheriff or the sheriff's force, police force, that this respondent or a man pictured to represent this respondent, whether the man had enabled some travelers' checks that h d been stolen from the bunkt

(. . .

- A Yes.
- then did they tell you that? A They told as that when these travelers' checks were eashed; we would get wire from the Old National Bank and they told us at that time that the checks were being cashed.
- as that before or ofter you had identified these pictures?
- A it was after.
- Las it before or after you had identified this man in the ling-up? A Before.
- the man in the line-up, that is correct, isn't it?
- A Yes, sir.

AR. FARJONS: That is all.
RE PIREOT MAKENATION BY MR. DEFENSES:

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- when you identified the picture of Kr. Ed. Eentz and the one of Theodore Lentz, did you know as you selected those two pictures you were selecting the pictures of brothers?
- A lo, 1 didn't.
- were there memes on the lictures so you could see that?
- A They weren't on the front of the pictures, they were just blank pictures.
- 4 So you didn't know that, as you selected those two pictures?
 A So.

MR. DITEMARS: That is all.

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when aid you find out about that? A They told us: they had the description and the names on the back of the pictures.

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- C Tou didn't look at the back of the pictures before you looked at the front? A No.
- . They didn't tell you when they showed you the pictures who these men were? A Ro.

KR. PARSONS: That is all. ER. DETHERRIES: That is all. ?

CHARLES BUGSLELL, being first duly sorm by the Clerk, testified as follows:

DIRECT SECULE.TICE BY HR. DEPENSES.

- . That is your occupation? A Assistant Manager of MgClellan Stores.
- and that is located where from the leoples Savings Bank in Grand haven? A fast of the reoples Savings Bank, across the street.
- w Which direction? A West.
- L In other words the bank and the store are across the stre t from each other? - Yes, sir.
- and both the bank and the store face the north, is that correct? A Right.
- . I show you here reoples' axhibit 1, and ask you whether you recognize that as being the rear side entrance to the bank?
- 4 and is it a fact that the McClellan store also has a rear entrance? . A Yes, sir.
- where is that with relation to the rear side entrance of the bank? A pirectly across.
- warrant the street from each other? A Yes, sir.

which was a substant this leth day of August, 1983, when the robbery of the teoples devines bank occurred?

- A Tos, sir, it was the biggest business on Friday we ever had.
- . Ant in that? A we did bigger business that Friday then we over fid.

(:

- And you were in that store on that day? A Yes, sir,
- . That was the first you noticed, it anything, unusual?
- we usually bank about three o'clock.
- where would you have to look to see what time it wast
- A Look out of the side door at the town clock.
- Const is above the First Church here? A Yes, sir. 1

 looked outside at the clock, about seven minutes to

 three; I looked across the street but didn't notice

 mything wrong until I heard sometody holler "what

 are you going to do, Link?" "Shoot the dogs"
- & who is "kink?" A kinkems, the undertaker, he came across the street with a shot gun in his hand.
- whore was Mr. Linkema when you first saw bim?
- A Care across the street behind the bank going towards the alloy of the store.
- Es was coming from behind the bank toward where you were? A Yes, sir.
- Did you see who it was that asked Mr. kinkens that

 Question? A No, somebody from back of the Kiks.
- 4 And the Elks' Eall is south or behind the store in which you are located? A Yes, sir.
- Went to--
- withere was your gun? A bp in the office of the store.

- fung a to erutan edt ni evad ucy bis tada . .
- A l hai a 32 Colt.
- w That is a pistal? A ristal.

(:

- Then where did you go? A I went to, I thought if I go do mathirs and out the back way, I sould some along the back of the building there and get a good shot at them, but when I got up thore I turned to my right and looked down the alley and there was a proger truck back there with a fellow at the wheel; he saw me have a gun in my hand and he fell on the floor; I looked to my left, there was a big our parked there with the motor running.
- where was that our stonding? A facing east.
- Standing wheref A Directly behind the store.
- the car somebody moved in the front seat, I could see the transfer out of the window, so I made up my mind I warn't in a very good place, so I slid down the geng plank, slid down there and want up to the side door.
- That is you want back into the bessesset of the store?
- A Tes, when I got there I heard the car move, I heard somelody shift the gears, so I went up to the door of the store and there I stood at the time kinkems came.
- hich door was that? A Side door.
- c and is that door directly ecross the street from the rear side entrance of the bank? A Yes.
- Thou what happened when you got there?
- A Phen they came out of the bank, there was kiss Correll, end this Keschke girl, and I saw four bank-- the bandits, and Er. Bolt, and this oil man, Van Lopik, and when they ears out they said " the car, where the hell is the car?" They hollered, you could hear them quite a ways, and then kinkens came running in.

- Prom where? A From the outside; he must have been in the back and he joined me.
- & And he came running? A in the decrease.
- w Did he run up the sidewalk?

- A Yes, he got on the south side of the entrance; I got on the north side.
- w That is, inside?
- Inside of the door. Well then they started shooting and there was one man with a machine gun, and he got off the ourb, right off the ourb outside of the benk door, and he rointed the gun up in the air and he didn't seem to make it work, because he would keep pulling it op and down, it only fired once and then stopped, and then he would ram it and then stort shooting again; when he got it going, why it was too hot, so we had to keep ducking. Every time he would shoot, the glass would fly out of the door, and then one of them fired a revolver and that broke the glass; Kink and the fell down on the floor, I thought he was desd; he got up, he said "this is worse than war." We kept ducking in and out; he said "let us go upstairs." As we started up out of the entrance of the store the bullets come through the door; one of them went over my head, one went through the well, and people started scattering back and forth, and . one lady, she weighed about 150, came right out to the door whom a bullet came through and she fainted in my arms and I Pulled her tack to the step and I went back to the door.
- Q Did you go upstairs or what did you do?
- A No, we tried to go upstmirs but couldn't, there was a bullet came through.
- These things you saw happening out on the street there when the shooting was soing on, just where were you?

a Hight in the entrones of the door,

- bohing sorething? A Behind mething.
- walls you standing right in the open?
- A de had our choice behind the door fastenings, that is all.
- . is that a brick wall there?
- A No. that is plastor; the outside wall is a brick wall; there are two doors; a back door about eight pages of glass, and then our door, a wooden door, but that door.

 Wis open.
- Land you were standing back of the well looking ground the corner, is that the situation? A well we were exposed but when they were shooting they were off inthis direction; they couldn't get a good shot at us, the bullets would some alongside us.
- W You meen they were not directly across from your
- A lot at first.
- which direction were they from you? ...
- A They were, let me see, north west.
- 4 As you were looking out the door you were looking east, were you not? A Yes, sir.
- which direction were they from you as you were looking east? which direction were they?
- ig Tes, from you? A They were east.
- and north? A Tes, sort of an angle. Then they kept moving until they got directly in front of us, then they switched, they started going south to Franklin Street, but the man with the machine gun kept moving right along side the eurb.
- . Have you ever seen any of those men since?
- A Tos, 1 have.
- which one was it that you saw of that erowd?

- A There was one mon in a gray suit, and he had a strow hat.
- . .. hat did you see him doing that day?
- A Oh, when he came out of the bank I didn't know at
 first he was a bandit, I didn't know what he was, because he
 was dressed up, and ffor he got out of the bank he want
 out towards the lash, alongside the Sidewalk, and I got
 a good look at him, he had a revolver in his hand.
- das he the man with ky. Bolty
- . He was the min that struggled with Mr. Bolt and Mr. Linkens,
- 4 Is that the man you leter learned was Doyler
- A No, it was the man I lourned wos Mr. Craig.
- what did you see of this man you le raed to be Er. Croig.
 what did you see him do? A He moved, he kept moving toward
 Franklin street.
- at first as they come out of the door, that is ell, Then everybody started running toward the bushes, You look run toward the tushes, that was the last I seen of him.
- who was strateling with kr. Bolt? A Ch. that was Doyle, the
- Fr. Doyle that you saw? A No.
- is that the man you now know as Mr. Craig? A Yes.
- and he didn't struggle with Mr. Bolts
- A No; it was Doyle.
- what did he do? A He moved toward Franklin Street.
- wid he have anything in his hand? A He had a revolver in his hand.
- wee him corrying anything besides a revolver? A Ho.
- what was the last you sow of him that day?

- from the doorway, as he moved out; we ran out into the open and one of us got behind one ear and one tehind another sme and then they noted toward Franklin Street, but they were hilf running and half walking towards the corner, that is the last I saw of him.
- w Did you have some plotures submitted to you, to select a picture? A Tes, sir.
- the picture? A About three weeks.
- 4 And whose pictures if my did you select?
- A There were two. One of the man in the gray suit and strow hat, and a man that is slightly shorter than him, were supposed to be 34 bentz, the short one is supposed to be 34 Bentz, and the tall one was Theodore Bentz.
- And have you seem any of those men since, besides by.

 Doyle? A Tes.
- where aid you next see one of those man?
- a in the county juil.
- and where in the county jail?
- A in the bull per.
- and was employe elso with him? A I don't know if the other follows were in the bull pen, taking a good look, but there were two other men in there when I went to see him.
- 4 You didn't see him in the line-up? A Ho.
- Have you seen that man since that time? A Yes.
 - whan? A I was up to the jail later on, Labor Day.
 - wild you see him since them? A not until today.
 - w Do you see him today? A Tes.
 - w Whore is he? A Sitting right there.